#### Pakistan shoots down Afghan plane

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistani fighters on Monday shot down an Afghan military reconnaissance plane which intruded some 16 kilometres across the border, an eyewitness said. Major Shah Nawaz of the Kurram militia told Reuters by telephone the plane was hit by a missile and crashed into a mountain range close to the frontier. "I saw it with my own eyes, and I heard the bang as it crashed into the mountains," he said from Parachinar, in the Kurram Salient which juts into Afghanistan. The incident took place near Teri Mangal where Pakistan says Afghan warplanes killed 89 people and injured more than 100 in two bombing raids last Monday. The Soviet-backed Afghan government has denied it. No comment was immediately available from Kabul on Monday's report. The two countries have been at loggerheads since the 1978 Communist takeover in Afghanistan and both regularly report incidents along the border. The Pakistani Defence Ministry announced that an Afghan plane had been shot down, only the second "kill" claimed by the air force, but gave no details. Major Shah Nawaz identified the plane as an Antonov-26 transport plane modified for reconnaissance and photography.

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AMMAN, TUESDAY MARCH 31, 1987, SHABAN 1, 1407

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

#### Arab talks postponed

TUNIS (R) — An Arab League foreign ministers' meeting scheduled for next Wednesday has been postponed to a date yet to be fixed, Arab diplomatic sources said Monday. Saudi Arabia requested the postponement of the regular six-monthly session of foreign ministers of the 21-member league, the sources said.
Saturday has been proposed as a Saturday has been proposal Arapossible alternative. Saudi Arapossible alternative. Prince 1335 bian Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal is due to take over from Algerian Foreign Minister Abmad Taleb Ibrahimi as president of the session under a rotating system.

#### Israel jails 2 Arabs

LOD (R) — An Israeli military court on Monday sentenced to life imprisonment two Palestinians from the occupied West Bank convicted of alleged attacks which wounded five people. Jam-al Matur, 26, and Mahmoud Matur, 27, both of Hebron, were found guilty of wounding two people in an explosion at a Jerusalem supermarket and three soldiers in another blast at hitchhiking post. They denied the charges. The explosions took place last year.

#### Clashes in Sidon

SIDON (R) - Palestinians' and Lebanese police fought with machineguns and rocket-propelled grenades in this southern port city on Monday, security sources said. They said three people were injured when guerrillas advanced on a city police barnian comrades held there.

#### A Raimond, U.N. chief discuss Mideast

UNITED NATIONS (R) - The Iran-Iraq war and the Middle East were the main topics of discussion during an hour-long Same of the second meeting on Monday between French Foreign Minister Jean-Bernard Raimond and Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar. A U.N. spokesman said the discussion on the Middle East focused on prospects for a peace conference and on the operations of the U.N. Interim Force In

## Pertini leaves hospital

dent Sandro Pertini, 91, was released from the hospital Monday a week comments. ing a state funeral for a general killed by gunmen. "I feel fine, I'm going home to rest," Mr.
Pertini told reporters gathered at Rome's Polyclinic Hospital.

#### U.S. replacing all Marines in Moscow

WASHINGTON (R) — The United States on Monday announced that it was replacing all 28 Marine security guards at its embassy in Moscow after two who were stationed there were arrested on spying charges. Deputy State Department spokes-woman Phyllis Oakley said the Marines would be rotated back to the United States by the end of April to help in an investigation of the security lapse (See Page 8).

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# W. Bank and Gaza observe 'Land Day'

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — At bus and lightly injured the driver. In Kalandia refugee camp, near least one Palestinian and two Israelis were wounded Monday in "Land Day" protests in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip against Israeli expropriation of Arab land.

A Palestinian youth was hit by a ricochet when the army used Arab-owned land. gunfire to quell a demonstration at the Gaza refugee camp of Jabalya, the Israeli military said.

Palestinian sources said that another youth was wounded by army fire. In the West Bank town of El

Bireh, north of Jerusalem, an Israeli soldier was injured by rocks thrown at military vehicles and an Israeli bus driver was hurt near Nablus when his vehicle was stoned by Palestinians. "Land Day" commemorates

the killing in 1976 by Israeli troops of six Arabs protesting against the expropriation of

The Israeli military imposed a four-hour curfew in the West Bank refugee camp of Balata following protests, and shopkeepers observed a commercial strike in East Jerusalem, Nablus, Ramallah, El Birch and the Gaza

In Nablus and Gaza, Palestinians said the army forced them to open their shops, breaking shop shutters or threatening to weld them shut if they did not

In Askar refugee camp, near Nablus, youths stoned an Israeli

Jerusalem, security forces arrested a 12-year-old youth after protesters burned tyres in pro-

Palestinians in Gaza said about 40 residents were arrested and sent to the Ansar two detention centre in the past week as part of Israeli precautions against pro-

The military said it had detained 10 Palestinians without charge and temporarily closed down two West Bank universities to avoid violence.

Military censors prevented two East Jerusalem Palestinian newspapers from publishing editorials on "Land Day," their editors

Two other Palestinian universities closed voluntarily to avoid

#### Sniping continues around Beirut camp

BEIRUT (R) - Sniper fire radio telephone. wounded two Palestinian women on Monday as they protested in Bourj Al Barajneh refugee camp against a food blockade by Shi'ite Amal militiamen, Palestinian sources said.

The sources said clashes with automatic rifles and mortar bombs flared overnight around the beleaguered camp in south Beirut, where at least 12,000 peo-

They said Amal snipers wounded the women. Amal said the camp was calm. Witnesses said gunfire could be heard Monday. Sniping killed five una people at nearby Shatila camp on Sunday when about 150 women and children marched to the edge of the camp to stage a similar protest, Greek-Canadian doctor Chris Giannou told Reuters by

Amal fighters have ringed the camps since Oct. 29 and Dr. Giannou said conditions in Shatila, where 3,200 people are living in a few shelters, were "close to catastrophic."

He said there were severe shortages of food, clean water, medical supplies and fuel. Amal announced last month it had lifted its blockade of the two.

camps, but it still controls access. Palestinians say more than 30 women have been killed by snip-ers at Bourj Al Barajneh while walking out to buy supplies.

Some 70 Palestinian wo from Mar Elias camp, which is not under siege, marched to the office of Prime Minister Rashid Karami to protest against the blockade, witnesses said. Similar marches were planned

to the offices of Sunni Muslim Grand Mufti Hassan Khaled and the headquarters of Syrian forces in west Beirut.

since March 14.

Some 880 people have been killed since last September.

Amal siege, get in supplies and evacuate the wounded."

#### Oadhafi seeks Arab summit

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has called for an Arab summit meeting to discuss the Iran-Iraq war, the Palestinian problem and other issues, the semi-official Al Ittibad newspaper reported

Monday. Col. Qadhafi, who has not been to an Arab summit since 1978, said the meeting should be called as soon as possible and that he was willing to attend at any place, the United Arab Emirates

(UAE) daily said in a report from Rabat, Morocco. Col. Qadhafi recently sent messages on the issue to Arab

leaders, the paper said. Col. Qadhafi's appeal follows a cooling of Libyan support for Iran in its 6-1/2-year-long war with Iraq and a rapprochement between Tripoli and the Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO).
The last Arab summit was held in Casablanca, Morocco, in 1985. Algeria, Lebanon, South Yemen and Syria did not attend, while Libya was represented at a level

Arab League Secretary-General Chadli Klibi met with Col. Qadhafi, on Monday. Mr. Klibi arrived in Tripoli on Sunday meeting, then went into consultations with the Libyan col-

The Libyan news agency

JANA reported from Tripoli that

below head of state.

onel, JANA said. No details of their talks were

Meanwhile, a Libyan envoy on Monday delivered a message from Col. Qadhafi to Bahrain's Emir Sheikh Isa Ibn Sulman Al

The Bahrain-based Gulf News Agency said the message, handed by Moftah Al Ostah Omar. secretary-general of the people's congress (parliament), dealt with regional issues, developments in Chad and bilateral matters.

Mr. Moftah delivered a message on Sunday to Kuwait's Emir Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmed Al Sabah, while other Libyan envoys have been touring states on similar missions.

#### **Egypt questions Libyan defectors**

CAIRO (R) — Egypt, treading cautiously in its relations with Libya, on Monday questioned three Libyan air force defectors to Egypt but did not elaborate. whose flight seemed likely to Lt-Col. Taher's rank marked embarrass Tripoli.

Officials stayed silent on when the government would decide whether to grant political asylum to the trio, the second group of Libyans to flee to Egypt this

Foreign diplomats predicted that the new defection would further embarrass Libvan leader Muammar Qadhafi, whose forces have suffered military reverses in

A Cairo-based exile group, the National Front for the Salvation of Libya, said the officers' flight in a Chinook transport helicopter from a Libyan base to an airport in western Egypt on Sunday showed the armed forces rejected

Col. Oadhafi's rule. Cairo, apparently not wishing to provoke Tripoli, reported the new defections without fanfare. It screened a brief interview on television Sunday night with the

Chinook's pilot, Lieutenant-Colonel Mustafa Taher, who said he had "many reasons" for coming him as a senior officer in a conn-

try where the highest military rank, held by Qadhafi, is colonel. The other defectors were a lieutenant and a non-commissioned officer. A lieutenant-colonel also led

the first group of defectors, two officers and three sergeants who flew a C-130 Hercules transport plane to the temple town of Abu Simbel in Egypt's far south on

Cairo gave low-key treatment to the first case, apparently because only two of the five — the officers — wanted to stay in

Egypt.
The plane and the five men are believed still to be in Egypt, foreign diplomats said. They are not known to have appeared in public and the government has not said what will happen to anti-ship missiles at the Strait of

#### Syrian officers have supervised safe-conduct for U.N. and other food convoys to the camps, but snipers have halted relief efforts

The Amal-Palestinian struggle for control of five refugee camps in Beirut and South Lebanon has flared intermittently since 1985

Bouri Al Barajneh's popular appealing to Brigadier Ghazi Ka-naan, head of Syrian military intelligence in Lebanon, to "stop the bloodshed and killing, lift the

#### **Kuwait mav** seek Soviet help to protect oil tankers

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Kuwait may seek help from both the United States and the Soviet Union to protect its oil shipments in the Gulf, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) reported Monday.

In another development, Iran's navy commander said his warships intercepted more than 1,000 cargo ships or oil tankers in

the Gulf over the past year. The United States already had offered to provide naval escorts to Kuwaiti ships, reportedly at Knwait's request, but the MEES'

report was the first indication that Soviet help might also be sought.
The Nicosia-based economic weekly, which cited no sources in its report, said there was now a "distinct possibility" that an arrangement would be worked out to give Kuwaiti tankers a

U.S. escort. However, such protection would not be extended to non-oil cargo vessels, which can be subjected to search under interna-

tional law, it said. If Kuwaiti vessels are provided with U.S. escorts, Kuwait is likely to "balance this move with some initiative towards the Soviet Union," MEES said.

The newsletter said this could take the form of the chartering by Kuwait of Soviet tankers to transport Kuwaiti crude and products either to their ultimate destination or to transshipment points

outside the Gulf. Eight seamen were killed Saturday when an Iranian gunboat fired a missile at the Sedra, a petroleum products carrier that had just finished delivering on a charter contract for Knwait.

The most recent vows by the United States to protect Gulf shipping followed the revelations that Iran deployed Chinese-made

# PSD to acquire \$60m national computer network

By Jordan Times Staff Reporters

AMMAN - The Public Security Department (PSD) has finalised plans to purchase a central command, control and communications computer system designed to bring about a complete overhaul of the department's present documentation and data system, PSD Director-General Lieutenant-General Abdul Hadi Al Majali said Monday.

The purchase agreement for the \$60 million system will be signed in the next two months and the installation of the equipment is expected to be completed in three years from the date of the agreement, Lt.-Gen. Majali told the weekly Monday Press Circle. He said the system was designed by PSD experts and the department had received 23 international offers to supply it.

The PSD director-general said that purchase of the system would be financially beneficial to Jordan since the Kingdom would also hold the patent rights for the system and could sell it to interested countries. The proposed system will be the first of its kind the Arab World, he added. The system will reduce the number of PSD staff by one-third, according to Lt.-Gen. Majali.

During Monday's gathering, organised by Press and Publications Department Director-General Musa Al Keilani, the PSD director-general also announced that the department was allocating JD 10 million to

encourage decentralisation and boost cooperation between the PSD and the public. Funds for both projects will come from the treasury over and above the regular PSD budget, he said. A "security centre," he ex-

plained, is a full-fledged police station where all PSD services will be available. Two of such centres have already been set up and seven others will be set up during this year, he added.

The department also plans to introduce 36 mobile police stations in the next 18 months, he

In reply to a question, the PSD director general acknowledged certain gaps in the implementation of law that discourage people from cooperating with police. He said certain committees were currently studying the prospects of introducing legislation amendments to strengthen cooperation between the public and police. "It is true that in certain cases

one may end up behind bars if he or she ferried a victim of a road accident to hospital," he said jokingly. He explained that the standing regulations require holding the person in custody until he or she is proved innocent. He said amendments under consideration provide for new procedures such as confining the testimony of the person concerned to a written statement rather than personal appearance in court.

On procedures against people who issue cheques without baingrade existing police stations around the Kingdom and build new ones. Also, he said, plans are to handle such cases. Police help

apprehending the person or persons who issue such cheques and producing them in court, he said. Private security agencies, said

the PSD director-general, are allowed to operate in Jordan under legislations covering their operations. He denied that the operations of such services overlapped PSD activities.

Replying to questions, Lt.-Gen. Majali said his department did not receive any petitions from any organisation to hold a demonstration in observation of Land Day, which fell on Monday. "Demonstrations and rallies are not allowed here," he said noting that the PSD approved two requests - one from the Yarmouk University and another from Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official Atallah Atallah (Abu Za'im)" to hold a gathering on the occasion.

A one-hour rally was held at the university in which the institution's president and some 200 students took part and delivered .speeches. Mr. Atallah staged another rai-

Lt.-Gen. Majali said. Answering a question, he said that Jordan was implementing martial law because the country was still in a "state of war."

"However, the application of

ly at the Sports City in Amman,

the law is nominal to the extent that people don't feel it," he said. "Drug offences, terrorist crimes, and activities which threaten national security" are the major cases handled by the military court," he said.

## Rifai to visit U.S. next week

WASHINGTON (Agencies) The Washington Post said Monday that Prime Minister Zaid Rifai and Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri were scheduled to visit Washington next week for talks with U.S. administration officials on prospects for an international conference on the Middle East.

It noted that His Majesty King Hussein turned down an invitation in January largely because he was angry over the U.S. government sending arms to Iran. Mr. Rifai is expected to discuss whether a visit by the King would lead to progress towards an international conference, it said.

Quoting an unnamed State Department official, the Post said the prime minister would meet Vice-President George Bush. Secretary of State George Shuitz and Secretary of Defence Caspar Weinberger during his April 6 and 7 visits.

"The King wants to see if this is an appropriate time to come, whether he should come this spring.

Jordan Television quoted an unidentified U.S. official as saying on Sunday that U.S. officials were now convinced that Washington should play a more active role in the Middle East. This, said the official, required increase of U.S. military presence in the Gulf region and a change in the U.S. position towards the call for an international peace conference on the Middle East. The official added that the U.S. administration had embarked on a new policy in the Middle East and would exert more efforts to regain its credibility in the region.

#### (Continued on page 3)

#### Carter hopes Israel will not block Mideast conference

TEL AVIV (AP) - Former U.S. Thursday. President Jimmy Carter said Monday he hoped Israel's leaders would not block the convening of an international conference on Middle East peace.

"I would certainly hate to see political divisions in Israel prevent the peace conference that the whole world would like to see come into being," Mr. Carter told reporters during a tour of

Israel's major political parties are locked in å bitter dispute over the issue which has threatened to bring down the fragile govern-

Mr. Carter said he found strong support for the peace conference in the Arab countries he visited: "I found they are all ready to discuss peace with the Israelis and I know the Palestinian people share this convic-

Mr. Carter, the architect of the 1979 Egypt-Israel treaty, visited Algeria, Egypt, Syria and Jordan before arriving in Israel last

A Democrat, Mr. Carter said he would hold meetings with members of President Ronald Reagan's Republican administra-

tion when returned home. "I don't think I want to comment now. I am going to meet with some Reagan officials when I get back home," Mr. Carter told reporters during his tour.

"I don't know the priorities they established, but my hope is that our country will play a leading role in helping to assemble the international peace confer-

Mr. Carter said he met with the families whose sons are missing from the 1982 Lebanon war and told them he was convinced Syria was not holding any of the sol-

"I discussed this quite thoroughly with President Hafez Al As: ... I don't believe there are any Israeli prisoners being held in Syria by Syrian forces or others,"

They said the first part of the

tween the two countries' systems,

and how this manifested itself in

their policies. "They were explor-

ing each other's minds, trying to get a better understanding," the

The leaders discussed human

rights issues, on which the two

sides have differed openly, with-

out going into individual cases.

number of speeches that progress

on arms control might depend on

Moscow's observance of human

rights, which has brought angry

Soviet charges that she was trying

to meddle in Soviet internal

British sources said the ques-

Mrs. Thatcher has warned in a

get a better understanding,"

never hostile."

somrces said.

#### Israel reports S. Lebanon clash amid efforts to beef up SLA by Hizbollah.

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Israeli troops killed three commandos in clashes at the northern edge of Israel's self-declared "security zone" in South Lebanon, a military spokesman said Monday.

Two of the commandos were killed Sunday night near the village of Arnoun, and the third in a clash two hours later, he said.

Israel said Sunday the three commandos were killed and five Israeli soldiers wounded in a clash north of the "security zone." Israeli troops are building up a Christian-led Lebanese militia in

South Lebanon to contain the increased resistance activity. Reporters who were recently taken on a tour guided by the Israeli army saw Israeli trucks carrying barbed wire and other

supplies to bolster positions of the South Lebanon Army (SLA). The rebuilding effort came after the Lebanese militia showed signs of buckling in the face of a campaign begun last September

SLA commander Antoine Lahd, a Maronite Christian and retired Lebanese army general, said 100 of his men had been killed and 150 wounded since Israel withdrew the bulk of its army in June 1985.

"(Hizbollah) can bring people to the limits of our zone, attack and then retreat. That freedom of movement is the basis of the danger because they can mobilise much larger numbers than we have available in any given area,' Land told reporters at his headquarters in the town of Mariavoun.

Lahd's force, backed by about 1,000 Israeli soldiers, patrols the 'security zone" that Israel established in a strip five-to-15 kilometres deep in South

An Israeli officer who spoke on condition of anonymity said that on eight occasions Hizbollah men, attacking in groups of 50 to 100 men, overran isolated SLA

### Gorbachev and Thatcher hold 'vigorous, lively' talks

MOSCOW (Agencies) - British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher held her first round of talks Monday with Soviet leader Mikhail S. Gorbachev on an agenda expected to cover internal change in the Soviet Union, arms

Mrs. Thatcher on the third day of her official visit, first laid a wreath at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier near the red brick walls of the Kremlin. The monument commemorates the 20 million Soviets who died in World

control and Afghanistan.

War II. She then held a one-on-one meeting with the Soviet leader

officials on the discussions, which were continuing after lunch. The two leaders were joined by

ign Minister Eduard A. Shevardnadze, who held separate morning talks.
The TASS nows agency said Mr. Howe and Mr. Shevardnadze had a "frank and businesslike exchange of views" on interna-

vided no further details.

that lasted about two hours. There was no immediate report from the Soviet media or British

British Foreign Secretary Sir Soviet sources indicated before Geoffrey Howe and Soviet Forethe talks that Mr. Gorbachev would reject any linkage between human rights and arms control, and would respond with a list of British human rights violations if Mrs. Thatcher insisted.

tion of Northern Ireland, one of tional problems and relations bethe items on the list, was mentween their countries, but protioned by the Soviet leader. Another contentious issue co-British sources described the vered was arms control, including

discussions as "vigorous, lively, Soviet side has a big advantage, and which Britain and its allies animated, often forthright, but want included in a U.S.-Soviet deal to remove medium-range talks explored differences bemissiles from Europe.

The Soviet side wants a separate deal on short-range missiles. Mr. Gorbachev and Mrs. Thatcher also discussed the British independent nuclear deterrent, which Britain has pledged to retain while the Soviet Union would like it included in East-

British sources said the two leaders got down to "the nitty-gritty" on arms control, but had not exhausted the subject and were to return to it later.

West arms cuts.

The talks between the two leaders began in an informal way Sunday night as the two discussed the problems of change in Soviet society during the interval of a performance of the Bolshoi nallet.

Later on Monday, Mr. Gorbachev took the offensive against Mrs. Thatcher, throwing back at her the criticisms she made of Soviet domestic and foreign poli-

In remarks at a Kremlin ban-

short-range weapons in which the tries to contend that the Soviet Union could be trusted only if it changed its political system.

Declaring that Moscow was ready to discuss humanitarian issues with foreign leaders, he said the West was plagued with social problems such as widespread unemployment and homelessness and discrimination against trade unionists.

He rejected Western criticisms of the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan in 1979, saying certain forces in the West were interested only in torpedoing the chances of a political settlement of the conflict. Mrs. Thatcher, also in remarks

at the banquet, said a withdrawal of Soviet forces from Afghanistan would play a crucial part in deciding how other countries viewed the Soviet Union.

Mrs. Thatcher reiterated her view that progress on arms control was linked to Soviet observance of the human rights provisions of the 1975 Helsinki final

But she also said she had high hopes that Mr. Gorbachev's reforms would contribute to confidence between East and West, and her speech appeared less quet, Mr. Gorbachev said it was combative in tone than the repreposterous for Western coun-marks of the Kremlin leader.

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# Greece rejects Carrington offer to help resolve Aegean dispute

Turkish envoy reports on meeting with Papandreou

BRUSSELS (Agencies) — NATO Secretary-General Lord Carrington said Monday Greece had rejected his offer to try to help resolve a dispute with Turkey over oil exploration rights in the Aegean Sea on the alliance's sensitive southern flank.

Turkey had accepted his offer of 'good offices" issued on Friday after both nearly came to blows, but that Greece had decided it preferred to seek a solution through other channels.

'My offer, of course, remains on the table, and I have sent a further message to Greece and Turkey, appealing to both to continue to exercise the utmost restraint and to work towards a definite solution of the dispute, he added.

The crisis blew up last week after Turkey said it would search for oil round three Greek islands off its coast following an announcement by Greece that it planned to drill east of the island

A clash was avoided when a Turkish research vessel, which had originally planned to enter disputed waters, remained inside Turkish waters and accompanying warships pulled back. Turkey said it would not prospect outside its territorial waters, if Greece also refrained. Carrington's offer to help resolve the row came after an emergency meeting of EC ambassadors on Friday appealed for restraint and called on both sides to "avoid recourse to force

Greek Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou wants the dispute

officials the plight of missing en-voy Terry Waite. After being

quoted as saying he felt morally

responsible for the disappear-

undertaken to protect Mr. Waite

during the envoy's mission to

Lebanon in January to try to

secure the release of Western

Mr. Junblatt, who was due to

Timothy Renton.

Mr. Junblatt, whose militia had

He said in a statement that settled at the International Court of Justice at The Hague.

Lord Carrington, a former British foreign secretary, has kept a special eye on the stormy relations between Greece and Turkey since he took up his NATO post.

In Ankara, Turkey's ambassador to Athens briefed his government Monday on a meeting with Mr. Papandreou as tensions subsided over rival oil exploration

rights in the Aegean Sea. The envoy, Nazmi Akiman, saw Foreign Minister Vahit Halefoglu and Undersecretary Nuzhet Kandemir, ministry officials said without revealing details.

Mr. Akiman, at his request, met Mr. Papandreou in Athens Sunday night for the first time in nearly three years. Neither side

The Turkish ship at the centre of the crisis, Sismik 1, continued research in Turkish waters of the north Aegean and was watched for the first time by a Greek warship, which stayed outside Turkish territory, state radio

Western diplomats said the confrontation between Turkey and Greece, which at one point seemed headed for an armed clash, eased after intensive diplomatic contacts on Friday and Saturday involving Britain, the United States and other coun-

"I wish I could give his family

hope. But I dare not do that."

Mr. Junblatt was quoted as saying

in an interview with the London

on me and morally I feel re-

sponsible for what has happened

to Terry," Mr. Junblatt was

Mr. Waite vanished Jan. 20 in

"There is now a great weight

Junblatt: British aides discuss Waite

alive or dead."

Daily News.

the archbishop."

LONDON (AP) — Lebanese bury, the Most Rev. Robert Run-

Druze leader Walid Junblatt on cie was quoted earlier as saying Monday discussed with British he had "no idea if he (Waite) is

hostages, held a working hunch quoted as adding. "That is why I with Foreign Office Minister have come to explain things to

meet the Archbishop of Canter- Beirut after telling his Druze

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appeared to have resolved, independently of this pressure, to avoid a clash. Mr. Halefoglu said Sunday night the two sides were \*constantly in communication.

One neutral envoy involved in the contacts said: "We urged both sides to keep cool and look for a peaceful solution but the pressure on them was that they knew any engagement would have unforeseen consequences."

Another diplomat said it appeared that Athens had taken "although perhaps grudging-Prime Minister Turgut Ozal's statement in London on Friday night that the Sismik 1 would not go into international waters if Greece kept out.

Turkish officials said they had achieved their aim of preventing a Greek-based international consortium drilling for oil in international waters east of Thassos Island at the weekend.

A Turkish statement on Saturday night said the consortium and the Greek government, which plans to take control of it, had given assurances that they would stay in territorial waters.

Turkey says neither side may seek oil outside six-mile territorial waters while there is no agreement delimiting the continental shelf in the Aegean, where many of Greece's 2,500 islands are in sight of the Turkish

guards not to accompany him on

a visit to Islamic fundamentalists

who have held two Americans

The Americans, AP journalist

Terry Anderson and educator

Thomas Sutherland, are among

24 foreigners missing and be-

lieved held hostage in Beirut.

Mr. Waite, who is married and

has four children, was on his fifth, mission to secure the freedom of

"I warned him it was danger-

ous," Mr Junblatt was quoted as

saying, recalling the day Mr.

hostage since 1985.

coast. A leading Turkish columnist, Mehmet Ali Birand of the liberal daily Milliyet, said the crisis had

But they said the two countries - shown the world that the Aegean was a disputed area where Turkey, as well as Greece, had claims and would defend them.

"Even if Turkey's stand is misunderstood (or) misinterpreted as a retreat, it has shown that it is the side that did not want a war, that was not determined to use force and which knew when to stop," he said.

In New York, an estimated 41,000 Greek-Americans, some waving anti-Turkish banners, marched up Fifth Avenue on Sunday in a politically charged Geek Independence Day parade.

The mood of the parade re-flected anger, mingled with relief and pride, over the latest crisis in relations between Greece and 'We're celebrating the inde-

pendence of our ancestors from 400 years of Turkish domina-tion," said Chris Spirou, former minority leader of the New Hampshire House of Representa-

What we're also celebrating... is that the revolution continues against Turkish aggression," added California Assemblyman Art Agnos, who is running for mayor of San Francisco.

Senator Daniel Patrick Moynihan, a Democrat who spoke at a pre-parade reception, said Greek and Turkey had been "minutes away from war," and said he was disturbed to learn that the Greek government "seemed to want to blame us" for the crisis.

## 'Poindexter told Reagan of Iran cash

National Security Advisor John Poindexter told President Reagan on two occasions in 1986 that profits from arms sales to Iran were being diverted to Nicara-guan rebels, according to a re-

Adm. Poindexter resigned as head of the National Security Council (NSC) last November when the Reagan administration disclosed he was aware that part of the profits from the arms sales were diverted to contra rebels

quoted unnamed friends of Poindexter's as saying he felt he was following Mr. Reagan's orders throughout the affair and that he kept the president adequately informed.

## Qadhafi reportedly making up with Iraq

ABU DHABI, United Arab Emirates (AP) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has turned his back on Iran in its war with Iraq and is now trying to mend bridges with Baghdad, a senior Palesti-nian official said Monday. Salah Khalaf, senior aide to

Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat, told reporters that "secret contacts" were going on between Libvan and Iraqi officials in preparation for reconciliation. Iraq severed relations with Col.

Qadhafi's government two years ago in protest against the Libyan leader's alliance with Iran in the Gulf war, now in its seventh year. Col. Oadhafi was recently

quoted as saying he wanted an end to the "crazy war" between Iran and Iraq in the interest of both the Iraqi people and the Iranian Islamic Revolution. Salah Khalaf, also known as

Abu Iyad, told the reporters that Col. Qadhafi had ceased altogether his support for Iran in its war with Iraq and now regret-

ted his arms supplies to Tehran. Libya and Syria, the only two Arab countries that sided with Iran against Iraq in the war, have also been held responsible for the supply of long-range Soviet-made missiles which Iran uses against Baghdad and other Iraqi cities.

Abu Iyad, in Abu Dhabi to participate in Palestine Land Day celebrations, said Libyan political rallies are now calling for a peaceful end to war. "Previously Qadhafi used to

call for supporting Iran until the overthrow of the Iraqi regime,"

Mr. Khalaf said Col. Qadhafi launched an initiative to end the Gulf war which was "rejected and attacked by Tehran," following which the Libyan leader "firmly stressed that he will not support a party which calls for a regional war between Persians and

An envoy of Col. Qadhafi, Miftah Al Osta Omar, was meanwhile in neighbouring Bahrain delivering a message to the Emir, Sheikh Isa Ibn Salman Al Khalifa, to the background of reports that the Libyan leader is pressing for a pan-Arab summit to discuss the Iraq-Iran war and the Palestinian problem.

Mr. Khalaf, who like Mr. Arafat and most of his leadership members are persona non grata with Damascus, said that Col. Qadhafi's new attitude on the Gulf war and other issues caused "clear differences between Libva and Syria." As for Syrian relations with the

PLO, Mr. Khalaf revealed that pro-Syrian Palestinian factions are now proposing "a kind of reconciliation conference to be held in Damascus and attended by all Palestinian factions," expressing readiness by Mr. Arafat's Fatch mainstream commando group to attend the conference in

## Djibouti blast suspect appears in court

DIBOUII (R) — A Tunisian Middle East extremist organism suspect has appeared in court in Dilbouti accused of planting the bomb which killed 11 people, including five Frenchmen and three West Germans, in a Djibonti cafe on March 18. Adouani Hamouda Hassan,

The second secon

whose passport says he is 27 and was born in the north Tunisian town of Bizerte, was arrested at Djibouti airport the day after the explosion as he prepared to board. a plane for Aden in South

President Hassan Gouled Aptidon of Djibouti has said Hassan was recruited in Damascus to plant the bomb on behalf of a

tion called the "Troops of Pevolutionaries and Resisters."

Judicial sources said Hassan told investigators the target of the bomb was the French military presence in the small Red Sea state, a major air and navy base for French forces.

who died in the cafe blast were members of the 3,000-strong French garrison.
The judicial sources said the

police arrested Hassan after a

tip-off from a Djiboutian citizen. The police arrested several other people of Arab origin but

Four of the five Frenchmen

Hassan could face the death alty if found guilty although no one has been executed in the Red Sea state in the 10 years since independence.

On Saturday the Diiboutian cabinet passed a draft law giving President Aptidon the right to designate any building used by the security forces as a temporary

The law raised speculation that the Djiboutian authorities planned to hold Hassan in a military or paramilitary barracks, where security would be tighter than in any of the country's civilian

## Israeli leaders welcome colonel's resignation over Pollard scandal

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli leaders ducted by spymaster Rafi Eitan. welcomed Monday the decision by Col. Aviem Sella to resign as commander of a major air base and said they hoped the move would improve U.S.-Israeli relations strained by the Pollard spy

"He did what he had to do," Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir

A U.S. indictment accuses Col. Sella, 41, of recruiting Jonathan Pollard, a former U.S. navy analyst jailed for life in Washington for passing secret documents

"America wanted a head to roll. I did only what any Jew would do. But the good of the country comes first and I am going," Col. Sella was quoted as saying by the Yedioth Ahronoth

when not only military men will have to pay the price," he said,

without elaborating. The newspaper quoted the colonal as saying he had recruited Pollard but had no direct involvement in running the espionage several times in recent weeks by a operation, which he said was congovernment-appointed two-man

Calling the colonel's resignation Sunday a positive step, Abba Eban, chairman of a Parliamentary Intelligence Subcommittee investigating the scandal, said: "It is a contribution ... towards relaxing tensions with the United

Deputy Prime Minister Yitzhak Navon said Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin's approval of

Col. Sella's appointment as com-mander of the Tel Nof Base was a mistake that the colonel had now rectified out of concern for his Angry U.S. officials said they

would suspend military cooperation with Col. Sella and his base after learning he had been promoted despite his alleged role in what Israeli leaders called a rogue In his letter of resignation, Col.

Sella admitted no guilt, made no mention of the Pollard affair and accused no one else of wrongdoing. He said he would remain in the air force. Col. Sella was questioned

several times in recent weeks by a

panel investigating the scandal and by Eban's subcommittee. The Pollard affair broke in November 1985 when federal agents arrested the American Jew and his wife outside the Israeli embassy in Washington, where they had sought asylum.

supplier, Israel apologised and blamed the espionage on a now-disbanded Defence Ministry unit. Pollard said in a court state-

Embarrassed at being caught

spying on its main ally and arms

ment that Israeli leaders had known of his actions. U.S. officials said the Reagan

administration was awaiting the results of two Israeli inquiries into the scandal and possible U.S. legal action against other Israelis involved in the espionage. The heat's not off altogether

but it is probably a little down," a U.S. official said.

U.S. : justice officials have said they are weighing whether to ask for indictments against three Israeli embassy officials alleged to have been involved in controlling Pollard.

#### Shamir emerges winner in party convention when Shamir steps down.

TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir won an uncontested vote of confidence as head of the right-wing Herut Party and his main rival emerged apparently weaker at the end of its convention Monday. Deputy Prime Minister David

Levy, regarded as the strongest candidate to succeed Mr. Shamir, took just 56 per cent of the vote in winning a race for deputy party leader against the prime minister's candidate.

Two other Herut leaders, Trade Minister Ariel Sharon and Minister Without Portfolio his poor showing, Levy said any-Moshe Arens, were each elected one who believed Herut was un-Moshe Arens, were each elected to key party positions with a 65

per cent majority,
"It was a slap in the face for
Levy to receive such a narrow majority over such a political lightweight as Meir Cohen-Avidov," said a political reporter for state radio.

Cohen-Avidov, a back-bencher, was supported by Shamir, Sharon and Arens against Levy. A year after being hooted redfaced off the convention stage, a

PRAYER TIMES

beaming Shamir was greeted Sunday by tumultuous applause on his re-election as party leader. In a rousing acceptance speech, Shamir urged the party founded

by Menachem Begin, Israel's prime minister from 1977 to 1983, to fight any attempt to give up the Arab territories captured in the 1967 Middle East war. "They will be in our hands forever," he declared as party members applauded a speech in

which Shamir mentioned the word "unity" 23 times Reacting bitterly Monday to ited "does not have eyes and is

deluding himself." On Sunday night, fistfights broke out among delegates trying to decide how to count votes in balloting for the top party posts sought by Levy, Shar-

on and Arens. Levy, a 49-year-old Moroccan immigrant who has adopted the flowery speaking style of the Pol-ish-born Begin, has often said he hopes to be Herut's next leader

He faces a strong challenge from Sharon, a hard-line former defence minister who oversaw Israel's costly 1982 invasion of

Arens, a mild-mannered aeronautical engineer and Sharon's successor as defence chief, has been trying to build a power base in the party in preparation for a succession fight.

Israel's next general elections country is ruled by a fragile coalition government led by the Likud Bloc, of which Herut is the largest faction, and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres' Labour

Last year, Herut's convention was adjourned as angry delegates traded blows on the podium and accused Shamir of depriving Levy

Trend.

of the deputy leadership. Taking no chances this time, Herut bired an army of security guards to keep order. "We learned our lesson and so did our leaders," one delegate said.

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#### London had failed to respond,

ANKARA (R) — The plight of two Iranian Christian brothers who are legally in Turkey, apstranded in no-man's-land between Turkey and Syria for the past month has now been taken up by human rights workers, di-

plomatic sources said Monday. Ernest and Antonio Panoussi, 18 and 17, have been existing on the charity of passing truck drivers in the seven kilometres strip between the two border posts and were recently given a tent to sleep in, they said.

JORDAN TELEVISION

Tel: 773111-19

PROGRAMME ONE

PROGRAMME TWO

me cycle

17:30

19-30

20-30

Iranian brothers stranded in no-mans-land plied in January for asylum in Britain but the Foreign Office in

> the sources said. A Turkish government spokesman said the brothers served short prison terms for entering Turkey on false passports and were then deported for humanitarian reasons to Syria rather than

The United Nations High

Commissioner for Refugees office in Ankara is now pressing Turkish authorities to readmit the brothers and interview them as possible refugees, the sources

The family claimed asylum on the grounds that they were persecuted in Iran as Chaldean Christians, a church in communion with Rome, and because the father is by profession a master brewer in an anti-alcohol country.

## for contras' NEW YORK (R) — Former

fighting the Nicaraguan govern-The report in Time magazine

Mr. Reagan has repeatedly de-nied that he knew anything about the diversion of arms sales profits to the contras.

# FOR THE TRAVELLER

<b>89:20</b>	Cairo (
<del>19.</del> 25	Cairo ( Jeddah ( Dubsi, Abu Dhabi ( Dhahran, Kowait (
10:00	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (
10:00	Dhahran, Kowait (
10:05	Doha, Bahrain (
17:35	Doha, Bahrain ( New York, Vienna (
18:05	Copenhagen, Frankfurt ( Athens, Larnaca (
18:15	Athens, Larnaca (
18:15	Istanbul (
19:40	Tricoli (
19:45	Tripoli ( Rome ( Paris, Brussels (
19-58	Paris, Brussels

#### OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

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		307
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UT	AL JORDANIAN FLIGH	18

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ОТШ	ER FLIGHTS (Terminal :	<b>4</b> 1
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WEATHER lletin supplied by the Department of

# It will be fair. A gradual increase in emperature is expected, with south-steety moderate winds. In Aqaba,

Agaba Deserts Jordan Valley	3 / 21
Yesterday's high to man 14.4, Aqube 21.	

#### MONEY EXCHANGE

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Local sell/buj Belgian franc	rales i	n Sile
Belgian franc	88.4/	89.4
Duich guilder	163/	164.5
French franc	55.5/	55.9
Italian lira	25.6/	26
Japanese yen (for 100)	227.7/	230
Swedish Crown	. 52.4/	52.5
Swiss franc	220.5/	772 9
U.K. steding pound	. 536.6/	542.1
II.S. dollar	333.0	336.3

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

#### **NIGHT DUTY EMERGENCIES**

#### Civil Defence Quweisneh .... Civil Defence Deir Alla ...... eh ..... 770733 57306 .... 630341 661111

#### HOSPITALS

Khalidi Maternity, J. Ann	644281
Akileh Maternity, J. Arm	647441
Jabal Amman Maternity	6473
Meihas, J. Amman	6361
Palestine, Stimeisani	664171
Shmeisani Hospital	6691
University Hospital	\$45R45/
Al-Mussher Hospital	66777
The Islamic, Abdali	666127/
Al-Ahli, Abdali	664164
Italian, Al-Muhameen	777301
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich	775111/
Acray, Marka	891611/
Queen Alia Hospital	(T)2240V
Amal Hospital	6741

#### Dr. Amin Abdul Jaber ... Dr. Abdul Rahman Najjar ..... 775050 Neiroukh Phan Saheb pharmacy Khalai pharmacy Firas pharmacy Hinnawi pharmacy

Sayel taxi ..

Kayyali taxi . Taxina taxi .. Tamer taxi ... 636730 Amman taxi Raghdan taxi

n Medical Centre 813813/32	Halabi pharmacy (—)
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ne, Slumeisani 664171/4	
Pari Hospital 669131	GENERAL
sity Hospital 845845/85 asber Hospital 667227/9	Jordan Television 773111/19
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amic, Abdali 666127/37	Radio Jordan 774111/19
i, Abdali 664164/6	Ministry of Tourism 642311
41 Mulana 70011040	PROTEI COmmissionis
Al-Muhajreen 777101/3	PTICE COMMISSION 661376
hir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26	Telephone Information
Marka	Jordan and Middle East calls 10
Alia Hospital 602240/50	Owner will
Tospital 674155	Overseas calls

## **MARKET PRICES**

Uppeir/lower price in fils per kig.  Apple (All kinds) 310 / 270  Banana 320 / 270  Banana (Mukammar) 270 / 220  Beass 430 / 380  Broad beams 130 / 100  Beetroot 100 / 70  Cabbage 100 / 70  Cantot (yellow) 120 / 80  Cauliflower (yellow) 170 / 120  Cauliflower (white) 170 / 120  Causubers 150 / 100  Eggplant (small) 140 / 100  Eggplant (large) 120 / 80  Garike (green) 230 / 80	Grapefruit
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#### 22:20 News in English 22:20 Feature film: Romance on the RADIO JORDAN SSS RHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

& partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19
07:00
19:99
11:30 Easy Listening 12:00 News Summary
12:05 Readings 12:30 Pop Session 13:00 News Summary 13:05 Pop Session Contd.
14:00 News Bulletin 14:10 Instrumentals 14:30 Pop Talk
15:06 Concert Hour 16:00 News Summary 16:05 Instrumentals, Old Favourites
17:99 Jordan Weekly

#### ..... Top Twenty ...... News Desk Date with a Star . Evening Show News Summary News Summary ing Show Coutd. 21:45 22:00 22:05 Evening Show Contr. ...... News Summary Evening Show Could. **BBC WORLD SERVICE**

Religious programme
..... Arabic Series 639, 720, 1323 KHz 0.99, 730, 13:23 KH2

66:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Loved by the
Gods 06:45 Reflections 06:30 Financial
News 07:90 World News 07:90 24
Hours: News Summary 07:30 New
Ideas 7:40 Book Choice 07:45 The
World Today 08:00 Newsdesk 08:30
Rock Salad 09:00 World News 09:09 24
Hours: News Summary 07:20 Here's Local programme on public News in Arabic ......... Tomorrow's programme .. Local debate on legal issues Rock Salad 69:00 World news 87:07 24 Hours: News Summary 69:30 Here's Health! 69:45 Network UK 16:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 16:15 Catch the Wind 16:30 The Great Bal-lets 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News; Look Ahead 11:45 Kings of Swing 12:00 News Sum-Discovery 12:30 Play: Jue the Obscure 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 Waveguide 13:25 A Letter from Scotland 13:30 Sports International 14:00 Radio Newscel 14:15 Multitrack 1 14:45 . News in Hebrew News in Arabic 21:00 Promotion of the new program-...... Tuesday variety show Sports Round-up 15:09 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:09 Network UK 16:00 Outlook 16:45 Loved by the Gods 17:00 Radio News-

> Scotland 19:15 Meridian 19:45 Sports Roundup 20:00 Newsdesk 23:00 News Summary; People and Pets 01:15 Sound-tracking 01:30 What Makes a VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

reel 17:15 A Jolly Good Show 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15

Omnibus 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 A Letter from

11925 and 15210 Hz 95:80 News 95:10 Newsline 05:30 VOA 05:00 News 05:10 Newsline 05:20 VOA Morning 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 17:00 News 17:10 Newsline 17:30 Masic USA 18:90 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Special English & Fea-tures 19:00 News 19:10 Newsline 19:30 Masszine Show 20:10 Newsline 19:30 Masszine Show 20:10 News 20:10 Magazine Show 28:08 News 28:18 Focus 28:38 Special English News 28:18 Features 21:38 News 21:28 Newsline 21:38 Music USA 22:38 News & Editorial 22:15 Mirric USA Jazz 23:00 News 23:10 VOA World Report

## WHAT'S GOING ON

TODAY'S EVENTS EXHIBITIONS

\* An art exhibition by 17 contempor-ary Arab artists at the Petra Bank Art Gallery — Wadi Sagra Stre... (until April 9)

\* A plastic arts exhibition by Yarmonk University's painting club at the French Cultural Centre (until April 2) FEATURE FILM

" "Caught on a Train" at 7:30 p.m. at the British Council. PLAYS

 "Arabic plays for children daily at 10:00 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. at the Royal Cultural Centre (until March 31). An Arabic play from Bahrain at 8:00 p.m. daily at the Royal Cultural Centre (until March 31).

**CULTURAL CENTRES** 

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 661026/7 British Council
French Cultural Centre
Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre
Soviet Cultural Centre . 641993 .. 644203 .. 624049 ish Cultural Centre .... Spanish Culturat Canac ...... Turkish Cultural Centre ..... Haya Arts Centre .... . 665195

Y.W.M.A.

#### Y.W.M.A. Amman Municipal Library ..... 637111 Univ. of Jordan Library ...... 843555 MUSEUMS

... 641793

"Children's Heritage and Science Massessa," Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetanium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklare Massess: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mossies from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 5 p.m.

man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. Jordan Archaeological Massaur: Has

# an excellent conection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Isbal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of existings convenies and

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientaist artists. Mantazah, Jabal Laweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.00 p.m.-6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

#### SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Assume Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Ammon Hotel, 7:30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Thraday Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00

#### p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261, CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Assunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrassata Church (Roman Catholic). Jabal Luweibich, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Church of the Assumaciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amasan, Tel. 678906. a Cuthelic Church Ashrafich, Tel. 771331. Armenium Orthodox Church Ashra-fieh, Tel. 778261. St. Ephraian Church (Syrian Ortho-dox) Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751. Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel.

Evangelical Latheran Church Jabal Amman, 6th Circle, (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295.

#### INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart- ment at the Queen Alia International
Airport Tel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified.

# ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

19:20	Cairo (	R
<b>19:2</b> 5	Cairo (	R
10:00	Dubai, Abu Dhabi	R
	Dhahran, Kuwait	
10:05	Doha, Bahrain (	R
	New York, Vienna	
18:05	Copenhagen, Frankfurt (	Ŕ
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19-46	Tripoli (	6
18-45	Rome	~
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	al Jordanian Flight <del>ninei</del> 1)	ŀ
645	Aqaba (	1
/:44 L:60	Paris ( Tripoli ( Amsterdam, New York (	ì
L:00 1:30	Amsterdam, New York (	Ì
L:45	Belgrade, Madrid (	I
2-45	Istanbel (	Ī
1-45	Abu Dhabi, Dubai (	į

Ι.	. Mo	nday 1	rates
\$	Local sell/buj Belgian franc	ralet i	a Sis
}	Belgian franc	88.4/	89.4
5	Duich guilder	163/	164.
•	French franc	. 55.5/	55.9
	Italian lira	25.6/	2
	Japanese yen (for 100)	227.71	23
	Swedish crown	. 52.4	52
{	Swies franc	220.5/	772
(	U.K. sterling pound	5366	542
	U.S. dollar	322 0/	226
ŧ	W Comes made	102 N	100

### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### ARA earmarks funds for orgent projects

decided to spend JD 195,000 on a number of ingent projects in Aqaba. The funds will finance the widening of streets, building walls around cemeteries, supplying electricity to one of the densely populated districts of the city and setting up a joint services council around the city of Aqaba. ARA Director General Bassam Qaqish made the announcement while on a tour of Rashidich, Qweireh, Disi, Tweiseh and Manisheer where he held meetings with mayors and heads of local councils.

#### PSD marks Al Israa Wal Mi'raj

AMMAN (Petra) — The Public Security Department (PSD) Monday held a religious ceremony to celebrate Al Israa Wal Miraj (the Prophet Mohammad's nocturnal journey and ascension to Heaven). Addressing the ceremony, Sheikh Izzeddin Al Kharib, the Kingdom's Mufti, said that the anniversary should remind Muslims of the holy status of Jerusalem and Al Aqsa Mosque and should help the Arabs to work in unity for liberating the holy places. The ceremony was attended by PSD Director Abdul Hadi Al Majali and senior PSD officers.

#### Geographic centre director returns

AMMAN (Petra) — Royal National Geograph. \_entre (RJGC) Director General Ra'fat Al Majali returned to Amman on Monday after taking part in the 34th international conference on electronics and the 27th conference on astronomy, both held in Italy. Mr. Majali said that participants in the six-day conference discussed working papers on the applications of remote sensing in the fields of geology, hydrology, agriculture, marine sciences, underground water and weather. He added that the Jordanian delegation discussed with officials at the Italian satellite station the possibility of benefitting from the station's work. A similar conference will be held in Amman towards the end of this year at the invitation of the RNGC.

#### Swedish group, JEA conclude seminar

AMMAN (J.T.) - A seminar involving the ASEA group, one of the largest industrial energy groups in Sweden, and the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) ended in Amman on Monday. The two sides discussed matters related to JEA plans for expansion and for possible linkage of national grids with Egypt and Saudi Arabia. The talks covered static and series compensation in transmission and distribution networks, supervisory control of power systems, power and distribution cables, and high voltage direct current technology. ASEA hopes to be able to supply appliances and also give advice on various JEA projects in cooperation with local Jordanian contractors.

#### Australian envoy briefed on Disi scheme

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NEATH .

AMMAN (Petra) — Australian Ambassador in Amman Terry Goggin Monday visited the Disi agricultural project in the southern region. Mr. Goggin was briefed by project officials on its role in the country's national economy.

#### Military attaches tour JESORS projects

AMMAN (Petra) — A number of military attaches accredited to Jordan and their wives on Sunday visited the Jordan Economic sation for Retired Servicemen (JESORS). Th were briefed by the organisation's chairman of the board and director general, Mohammad Bashir, on its development and the social, agricultural and construction projects it has carried out since its establishment. The military attaches later toured the organisation's food processing plant, its cattle farm in Duleil and fish farm in Al Manshiyeh.

#### Jordan attends maritime assembly

JEDDAH (Petra) — Jordan is taking part in a meeting of the general constituent assembly of a federation of ship owners in Islamic countries which has been formed by the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC). During the two-day meeting which opened on Monday in Jeddah, several subjects related to the federtion's work, its administrative and financial affairs will be discussed by the delegates. The new federation aims at concerting various Islamic countries maritime operations. The federation groups: Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iraq, Tunisia, Sudan, Palestine, Mauritania, Pakistan, Turkey, Bangladesh and Jordan.

# AQABA (Petra) — The Aqaba Region Authority (ARA) has

CROWN PRINCE VISITS ARMY HQ: for a meeting with Armed Forces Commander in His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Monday Chief General Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker (Petra photo) visits the Army General Headquarters in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jorda-

nian Veterinarians Association

has submitted a memorandum to

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai detail-

ing the problems and difficulties facing the association and urging

the government to issue specific

The memorandum said that 40

practice their profession in Jor-

dan and this requires specific laws

to regulate their practice. An

appeal in this respect was submit-

ted to the prime minister's office

by the association five years ago

but no action was taken at that

time, the memorandum said. It

referred to a recent study by the

prime minister's legal office and

the memo said that the study

provided for the enactment of a

law on the veterinary profession

but that unforeseen factors have

been holding up a government decision on the matter.

Vets in the W. Bank

The memorandum also urged

Jordan as part of the ministry's

A spokesman for the ministry

said that a television crew from

Austria is currently filming the

Wadi Rumm area and a programme

on mountaineering there. Once

completed, Austrian television

will be telecasting one hour week-

ly programmes of the areas in Wadi Rumm via satellite, and the

programme will be beamed to

Switzerland. West Germany and

The Ministry of Tourism has

Jordanian attractions abroad.

the government to extend help to

Vets send memo to Rifai

Arab vets in the occupied Arab

territories along the lines that the

government has been helping

doctors, engineers and other sec-

tors of the Arab population living under occupation. It said that 25

per cent of the total registered

veterinarians in the West Bank

are unemployed and there is a

serious shortage of veterinary ser-

This shortage, the memo said,

has curtailed efforts to stem and

curb animal diseases which

adversely affect the living condi-tions of Arab farmers and there-

fore, the government is urged to

extend support and assistance in

The memo voiced the associa-

tion's appreciation for a govern-

ment decision to open a veterin-

will no doubt contribute positive-

The memo urged the government

to give priority to the opening of

the new department and provid-

ing sufficient financing for its

magazine's editor will write fea-

tures about the Wadi Rumm

area, the spokesman said. Moun-

taineering has more than one

million enthusiasts in Austria

alone, and they, along with mil-lions living in central Europe are

expected to watch the Austrian

television programmes about Jor-

dan which, in turn, will help market Jordanian tourist regions

in Europe. The programme will

include aspects from a

documentary written by Austrian Orientalists in 1990, according to

vices there.

this respect.

programmes.

**Austrian TV crew filming** 

programme on Wadi Rumm

AMMAN (Petra) - The Minis- the most well-known mountain

try of Tourism has invited Euro- climbers in Britain, to visit Wadi

pean journalists and television Rumm. Mr. Scott is accompanied crews to prepare television by a senior editor of "The Clim-

documentaries on the landmarks ber" magazine which carries fea-

efforts to promote and market mountaineering adventures. The

#### Soviet team tours Amman. Jordan Valley

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation from the Supreme Soviet met here Monday with Greater Amman Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh and were briefed on the history and development of influxes of refugees from Pales-tine since 1948 swelled the population of Amman and added that the capital's inhabitants now

the Greater Amman Municipality intends to carry out from now until the year 2005, and he presented the delegation with a book on Amman's development over the past 50 years. The Soviet delegation presented the mayor

tion, accompanied by Mr. Rawabdeh toured the Roman Amphitheatre, the popular art museum downtown and Al Hashimieh public square. They also visited the Marka Housing project which is being carried out by the Urban Development Department to provide housing and services for low-income families.

delegation visited the Jordan Valley area: They first visited the Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) headquarters in Deir Alla where they were briefed by JVA Secretary General Mohammad Bani Hani on the authority's role in developing the Jordan Valley and providing the valley with water through building dams, setting up irrigation networks and providing farmers there with basic services. Dr. Bani Hani also explained to the delegation the current and future development projects which will be carried out by the

JVA in the valley.

The guest delegation also visited the monument of the Karameh battle in North Shuneh in the Jordan Valley and were briefed by armed forces officers on the battle which took place on March 21, 1968 across the River Jordan. The head of the delegation Vladimir Orlov laid a wreath

on the monument. The delegation concluded their tour with a visit to the Dead Sea area where they saw tourist and

#### PSD to acquire \$60m computer system "persona-non-grata in Jordan." "Their Jordanian passports may

Lt.-Gen. Majali said there was no drug problem in Jordan, but "we are afraid of developing such a problem due to the country's geographical location, which is conducive to drug trafficking". He said although the number of drug addicts was still confined to a "few hundreds, we are worried of becoming pushed into it since there are a lot of traders who want to get rid of their material, in addition to some Jordanian citizens who have returned after getting hooked to drugs abroad and a number of Arab and foreign drug addicts residing here." Asked when the problem in Jordan might become potentially threatening, he said, "when I learn about students (in high schools and universities) using drugs... when the initiation of

drug use starts in institutions."
He conceded that theft ranked number one on the scale of crimes committed in Jordan Honour-related offences ranked second, he said.

Lt.-Gen. Majali, who assumed his position in July 1985, brushed aside suggestions that the rate of criminal activities was increasing due to unemployment, a wide gap between incomes and the average citizen's financial situation and the presence of almost 220,900 foreigners in the country.

"The percentage of crimes has increased," he said, "but I don't think it has grown because of unemployment. The increase is absolutely reasonable and within

years which is put at seven per cent." He said the number of crimes committed by foreigners in Jordan is 25 per cent more that the count of offences done by

To tighten PSD control over foreigners living here, the department has requested all non-Jordanians, regardless of their nationality, to register their names at the nearest police station, he noted.

He said the PSD was also coordinating with the Ministry of Labour to get all details on foreign workers here.

Asked whether any recent terrorist attack was committed against Jordan or any bombs had exploded here, Lt.-Gen. Majali said: "From the past six months todate, not a single sabotage has been reported."

However, he said, when Jordan decided to hang the assailant of PLO official Fahed Al Qawasmi, "we received a lot of threats.'

He said there were four reasons which lessened the occurrence of any terrorist attack in Jordan; "We refuse to bow to any sort of blackmail; the intelligence service is very effective, citizens are very cooperative and our political stands are straight-

forward." Lt.-Gen. Majali said he had no information about reports that two Hindawi brothers - implicated in extremist activities in Britain and West Germany -

were Israeh agents. He said data gathered about the annual rate of the past five the two classified them as added. He gave no numbers.

#### laws and regulations to organise the practice of veterinary medicine in Jordan. per cent of the total number of 340 registered veterinarians now

Amman. Mr. Rawabdeh said that number nearly one million. Mr. Rawabdeh also presented a briefing on the development and service programmes which

with a token gift. After the meeting, the delega-

Later on Monday, the Soviet

natural attractions.

not be renewed as well," said the

PSD director general. He added

to extradite them since "extradi-

his department followed the pro-

cess of "threat assessments"

whenever it charts plans to pro-

tect Arab and foreign diplomatic

missions here or Jordanian di-

tials against these missions and

draft our security plans and de-

cide on the number of security

personal respectively," he added.

there were specific rules gov-

erning the traffic of people be-

tween the West Bank and the

East Bank, "We don't allow West

Bankers to cross to the East Bank

if they don't show us return per-

mits since we want to stop the

emigration of people from the occupied territories," he said.

However, there are certain rules

and regulations to suit the needs

of people who have to leave the

West Bank for a specified period

On another subject, Lt.-Gen.

Majali said the citizens had the

right to file a law suit against any

policeman who commit an off-

who entered jail during this year

are more than the total number of

those who were put behind bars

during the past 10 years," he

"The number of policemen

of time, he added.

ence against them

On another subject he said that

"We evaluate the threat poten-

plomatic corps abroad.

#### Khatib meets Bahraini troupe

invited Mr. Donnie Scott, one of the spokesman.

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of sented the minister with a token Culture Mohammad Al Khatib gift on the occasion of their visit Monday conferred in his office with a visiting Bahraini folklore troupe for discussions on cultural and artistic cooperation between Bahrain and Jordan. The minister spoke about the potential of Arab culture and scopes of cooperation between Arab states and he calthat Jordan had no plans to seek led for stepped up coordination in theatre work among Arab artists tion does not apply to terrorists."
Lt.-Gen. Majali explained that and playwrights.

The delegation outlined the development of theatre and cultural

gift on the occasion of their visit to Jordan. Mr. Haidar Mahmoud, the director general of the Department of Culture and Arts, was present at the meeting.

The Bahraini team represents

Al Jazira club which was established in Manama in 1974. Its members are presently visiting Jordan at the invitation of the Department of Culture and Arts and are presenting a play on the Zionist domination of the world economy and the consequences

#### and activities of the directorate and its new framework of operations. During the Monday Press Circle, Lt.-Gen. Majali outlined the organisational structure of the PSD and the idea behind setting

up security centres in districts of the Kingdom. He noted that the Public Security Directorate has undergone a major change since this administration came into office and said this basic change, and probably the main driving force behind all other changes, has been the introduction of a new concept into the organisation, and a new philosophical framework within which to operate. The concept of "comprehensive security," he continued, has been used to define the nature and the scope of PSD's role in

sion of the police force is realised not only through traditional crime prevention and law enforcement, but through a process aimed at strengthening the interaction between the police organisation and the society it serves, on the basis of the follow-

3. Facilitating transactions be-tween the public and various serary department at the Faculty of Agriculture at the University of Science and Technology near Ramtha and said this department ly towards the development of mimal wealth in the Kingdom.

> tive of other security agencies, and coordinating efforts with them when addressing security

> 6. Acting as a liaison between the public and the various government authorities, assisting each side in expressing its viewpoint and for channelling energies in the same direction, that of the

8. Ensuring that sufficient resources exist within the organisation to give nationwide service in all areas of jurisdiction, without the need to depend on other agencies to perform the required

Although security centres are have an abundance of functions degree of autonomy in their operations, only looking to the high-

## Majali outlines new framework of public security operations

will be between 5 and 10 square

kilometres, while the population

At the next level are regional

directorates within Jordan's ten

geographical regions. He said the

western part of the country is

primarily urban and that this part

of the country is divided into 9

regions; four in the north, four in

the south, with the Amman re-

gion lying roughly in the middle. Lt.-Gen. Majali said the nine

regions are each controlled by a

regional directorate, while the

desert region in the east falls

under the command of the desert

police. Depending on its popula-

tion, every region will have a

different number of security cen-

tres operating within it, he ex-

At the highest level of the

organisational structure is the

Public Security Directorate,

which has overall control and

responsibility for all police, secur-

ity and law enforcement functions

the Kingdom, he continued.

Lt.-Gen. Majali said that under

this structure, only steps exist

between the lowest level of the

organisational structure — the

security centre — at which most

of the public interface takes

place, and the highest level, the

director general of Public Secur-

ity. This short route, he said,

eliminates a lot of procedural red

tape that would need to be gone

through in order to go up the chain of command, and gives the

various elements of the structure

more responsibility and a higher

degree of autonomy. The result-

ing organisation can therefore be

described as one with auton-

omous command, and centralised

Tools of the trade

nisation redefined within the

framework of comprehensive

security, the PSD director said

control, he added.

AMMAN (J.T.) — Public Secur- for direction and support, if reity Department (PSD) Director Lieutenant General Abdul Hadi Al Majali on Monday briefed journalists on the administration three levels of command: at the lowest level is the security centre and some 59 are planned to be distributed across the Kingdom. The geographical area of jurisdiction of the typical security centre that the centre will serve will typically be about 50,000 people,

society.
Lt.-Gen. Majali said the mising principles:

1. Reviving the social and civic roles of the police officer, and adding these to his traditional administrative and judicial duties.

2. Strengthening the relationship between the police officer and his local community, and encouraging the public to take an active part in crime prevention.

vice institutions, by acting as a conduit through which the public can interact with the authorities. 4. Involving the public in the resolution of all social problems relating to or emanating from security issues.
5. Willing to act as a representa-

related matters.

public good.

7. Meeting the needs of the society by ensuring a high standard of service and a fast response to most situations, such response not exceeding a few minutes in

9. Defining an overall strategic plan to ensure that security prevails, and developing goals and objectives for the authorities to adopt in order to support such a plan, and coordinating with the various organisations and institutions involved in the maintenance of such a plan.

He went to explain that in order to enact this philosophy of comprehensive security, the idea for establishing security centres was initiated to be the smallest organisational unit within the Public Security organisation. The centres, he said, offer all the services available at the PSD, and even some that are not, adding that each centre has a limited and well-defined geographical jurisdiction to ensure a high quality of

the smallest unit in the organisational structure, nonetheless they to perform, and enjoy a high er echelons within the structure

quired, he continued. Organisational levels Lt.-Gen. Majali went on to say that the creation of security centres and the corresponding elimination of two other levels in the organisational structure what used to be called the police station and the area police - has resulted in an organisational structure that consists of only

duties. He said the directorate has been working very hard for the last 18 months on the introduction of a number of programmes aimed at providing the PSD with the "tools of the trade." He said the PSD has been very successful in putting into effect many programmes and that many others are in the planning stages. He said the programmes

already functioning include: 1. Recruitment programmes requiring the selection of highly qualified personnel, including a requirement that all officer recruits be college graduates, and all non-commissioned officers be high school or vocational college

2. Training programmes which include professional training programmes for existing personnel as well as newly developed programmes for new recruits. In the area of vehicles and equipment, a major re-evaluation of existing resources has been conducted, and all vehicles below a certain standard of acceptance have been replaced by new ones. 4. Technical equipment for the criminal investigations laboratory, the Driver and Vehicle Licensing Department, the data processing department, as well as many other departments have been introduced to improve the quality of service offered by these

departments. 5. The standard and quality of buildings and operational sites has been reconsidered, and many new building projects have been implemented

6. The traditional weapons used by the police, and the various weapon training programmes have been re-evaluated, and replaced by modern equipment and programmes. 7. In the area of command and

control, a major effort is underway to implement a nationwide command, control, communications and intelligence system (or what is usually referred to as C31) which will allow the PSD to offer a very high standard of service to the public, while maintaining a various tools are needed for the very high degree of information organisation to perform its control.

# CAPELAC MIGHT

#### BMW 7 Series wins the 1987 Car Design Award

In honour of the valuable role Turin currently plays in world car design, the Region of Piedmont and the City of Turin established an international award to be assigned every year to the designer or design team whose contribution to car design is deserving of

Comune di Torino Regione Piemonte 1984

The Turin/Piedmont Car Design Award for 1987 was given to the BMW design team around Claus Luthe for the new BMW 7 Series.

The international jury of eleven editors of car and design magazines nominated the BMW 7 Series "for its attractive, functional and aerodynamic design and elegant engineering of constructional details all put together in a still characteristic BMW appeal."

Runners up were the Audi 80, Opel Omega and Volvo 480 ES.

The international jury consists of the editors of

Automobil Revue, CH Auto Motor and Sport, D Car, GB Automobile Magazine, USA Vi bilagare, S

Automobiles Classiques, F Auto Selekt, NL Road & Track, USA Velocidad, E Car Styling, J

Auto Design, 1

The trophy, a silver sculpture, showing a model of the die of a wheel fairing, will be assigned to the BMW design team by the Mayor of Turin and the President of the Piedmont Region at the 57th Internationa! Motor Show in Geneva.

#### activities in Bahrain and pre- on the Third World. First north to south charity walk starts from Ramtha tomorrow

By Najwa Najjar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — After months of preparation the sponsored march across the Kingdom will begin tomorrow and to raise funds for needy neurological patients, two Jordanians will tackle the unprecedented feat of walking the 423 kilometres from north to south. People from all walks of life have also come together for charity, the exercise and the "fun of it."

The walk kicks off from the public hospital in Ramtha at 10:00 a.m. Vicken Dakessian, Ali Pharaon and Halim Abu Rahme (who will all walk 210 kilometres) will cover 48 kilometres the first day, expecting to finish at 7:00 p.m. near the Zarqa River Basin în Jerash district. Various clubs and students and professors from Yarmouk University who have registered for the walk will

accompany them.

the Plaza Hotel; the second from the Plaza Hotel to the Gateway Hotel, and the third from the Gateway Hotel to the Aqaba Tourist Hotel. If walkers do not fill out sponsorship sheets, they have been requested to pay a symbolic fee of JD 5 in the Amman stage and JD 3 in the other two stages.

#### Fund for needy patients

The money raised will be for the establishment of a charitable fund for needy neurological patients at the Palestine Hospital in Amman. The fund may improve detection and treatment of such

natient's chances of overcoming their disease since it is often a lack of funds which prevent early diseases, according to doctors at the hospital.

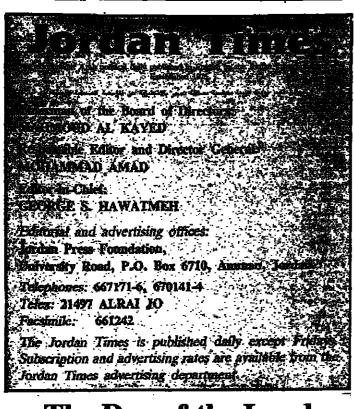
It is hoped that when the walk

Anyone can participate in any finishes in Aqaba on April 10. JD part of the three stages: the first 50,000 will have been raised. To from Ramtha public hospital to reach Aqaba in 10 days, the walkers will have to cover 40-45 kilometres a day. They will be walking approximately seven hours a day with a one hour break in the afternoon. On April 3 at 9:00 a.m. the

Amman stage will start from the Plaza Hotel. Since there has been an overwhelming response, groups consisting of 5 to 15 individuals, will leave the hotel at set intervals. The police have been notified to ensure the safety of the participants.

#### 'Watering stations'

The organisers of the walk will set up stations with food and drink, and buses to ferry back tired participants to the Plaza Hotel. An ambulance will be on stand-by in case of any



#### The Day of the Land

ELEVEN years ago yesterday, the land of Palestine exploded into one of the stormiest uprisings in its history. Thousands of Palestinians rose on the morning of March 30, 1976, in answer to the call of mayors and local councils to hold a general strike. Marching in the streets of Nazareth, Galilee, Sakhnin, and all the cities, towns and camps of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, unarmed Palestinians demonstrated against occupation, against the seizure of their land.

For Palestinians, land has more than a geographic dimension, and for most the Arab-Zionist conflict is not merely a border dispute; the land is the pillar of the Palestinians' national identity and the foundation for their right to self-

For the sake of the land, Palestinians have sacrificed their lives, and people in the West Bank and Gaza live under the most horrific conditions and continue to resist the occupying force. Israeli governments, knowing the importance of the land, have had as their official policy the seizure and expulsion of Palestinians in order to bury their national identity, and to build Zionist settlements on their ruins.

The connection between more Jewish immigration into Palestine and more Palestinian emigration from their land is very clear. Eleven years ago the strike was to confront Israeli plans to confiscate 21,000 dunums in the Galilee and the triangle and build settlements there for "Jews in the diaspora." Eleven years later Israelis still occupy Palestinian land, and they are still following a policy of land seizure, settlement building, expulsion, "civil administration" and "autonomy," all in defiance of international law and United

Nations resolutions. The struggle to liberate the land falls not only on the shoulders of Palestinians in the occupied territories, but on all Arabs throughout the greater Arab Nation. We Arabs must respect and appreciate the experience of the Day of the Land, when unarmed masses rose up in unity to resist the seizure of their land. They demonstrated, held sit-ins, and formed committees to defend their land. Not one method was left untried. Let us not regard "Land Day" as merely a sad occasion to remember. Rather let us see in it a symbol of the steadfastness and struggle of Palestinian people to keep their homes, land and identity in face of the brutal Israeli onslaught to uproot and dispossess them.

#### ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

#### Al Ra'i: Palestinian resistance continues

WE observe the Land Day anniversary with respect for the martyrs who fell in defence of their land. The Arab people of Palestine cannot but remain fast and defend their soil with their souls and their blood, and continue to abort Israel's measures and repressive actions against the Arab population. The resistance is being carried against the enemy in the streets of the cities and towns of the Palestinian land, and in the camps and the villages. The Lan Day is an occasion for remembering that the land of Palestine has been occupied by the invaders since 1948, and also to remind the world that the Palestinian people continue to struggle for regaining their ursurped territory and homes. They continue to fight the enemy with all their might and they have not lost hope nor have they despaired of regaining their rights and their land. The Arab people of Palestine have been maintaining a long struggle against the invaders; and the long years and the prolonged occupation have not reduced the momentum of the resistance, nor have they made the Arabs forget their lost land. The Land Day anniversary is an occasion that brings with it more optimism and hope that the invaders will be repelled and that the land will be maintained for the Arab people of Palestine. We are contain that the Arab people will continue their just strumbe for certain that the Arab people will continue their just struggle for defending the homeland and liberating territory usurped by the invaders. We greet the Palestinian people on this day and hope their endeavours and their courage will lead them to victory.

#### Al Dustour: Land Day rekindles hope

WHENEVER we observe the annual occasion of Land Day we feel that our faith in the Arab land of Palestine is strengthened and we are filled with extra hope and determination to maintain the struggle for liberation and freedom. With hope and optimism, the Arab people in the past were able to repel aggression and regain lost or usurped land, and over the years and ages the Arab people of this region have been able to confront and defeat the invaders and those who desecrated the Holy Land. The Land Day anniversary comes again this year as the Arab World faces very hard times, and as Arabs under Israeli occupation continue to face injustice and arbitrary measures designed to evict them from their homeland. The hard life which the Arab people of Palestine have been subjected to over the years has served as an incentive for them to carry on the struggle and the resistance and has urged them to offer more sacrifice and more martyrs and carry out heroic acts in the face of the Israeli invaders. The Israeli invaders who have occupied Arab land for more than four decades and transformed the occupied territories into a military fortress find themselves unable to wrest formal recognition of their occupation from the Arab Nation, and continue instead to face an escalation of resistance activity as the Arab people maintain their adherence to their homeland.

#### Sawt Al Shaab: Battle for the land goes on

THE anniversary of Land Day reminds the Arab people of their belonging to the Palestinian land, and also of the Arab identity of the usurped territory. The battle for the land is still on, and has not stopped ever since the Israelis started their occupation of our land. The invaders have massed troops and tightened their measures in the face of the Arab resistance, afraid of an all-out uprising by the Arab population. The Israelis have massed troops and armoured vehicles in towns and villages of the West Bank and have closed Arab universities and schools to thwart any attempt by the Arab people to launch anti-Israeli protests or try to regain hold of their usurped land. Every year the people of the Palestinian land observe this important occasion, to remind themselves of their usurped land and their duty for liberating this land from Israeli occupation. The struggle continues for the liberation of 2.7 million dunums of land in the occupied West Bank where the invaders have set up 250 settlements. The Arab people continue their resistance against the meetry and his plans, and maintain the struggle for aborting all measures caugned to perpetuate Israeli occupation of Palestinian land.

## Master of the Shouf takes stock

Francoise Chipaux of Le Monde interviews Walid Junblatt

MUKHTARA - "We're back to square one. It's a new phase in the Lebanon war." In a reception room at his palace at Mukhtara, an imposing 16th century building perched on a crag with the snowcapped peaks of Mount Lebanon in the distance, Walid Junblatt, leader of the Progressive Socialist Party (PSP) and unchallenged leader of the Druze community, totted up the record of recent events in West Beirut. And he did so without illusions.

Like a sign of destiny, Syrian troops entered the largely Muslim section of the Lebanese capital for the second time just three weeks before the tenth anniversary of the assassination of his father, Kamal Junblatt, on March 16, 1977.

A few hours earlier at a bend in

the road leading to the now dynamited village of Deir Durit, where Kamal Junblatt, then the all-powerful head of the Lebanese National Movement (a coalition of parties allied to the Palestinians), was killed, the young Druze leader, hailed by a crowd who held him in reverence, unveiled a commemorative plaque to his father. Driven out of West Beirut when Syrian troops entered it after a week of violent clashes, his militia today has an. honoured role. While a detachment of the PSP's military police, dressed in olive green battledress, red berets and white gloves and holding rifles with fixed bayonets, presented arms, hundreds of militiamen, including former Beirut neighbourhood bosses, chanted: "We offer you our blood to protect you, Walid Bey."

Without apparent bitterness -'It's not a setback," he said — Junblatt accepted responsibility for starting the fighting in West Beirut in which his militiamen, along with those of the Lebanese Communist Party (LCP), fought against the Amal's Shi'ite militia for six days running and achieving a few notable successes

Why did he do it? "Things just couldn't go on like that. The Communist Party's cadres were being methodically liquidated in southern Lebanon. The fate of

By Kathy Chang

The Associated Press

TAIPEI, Taiwan (AP) — With

negotiations finally completed on

the return of Hong Kong and

Macao to China, all eyes have

much more difficult target of

When Portugal and China on Thursday initialled the agreement

to end Portuguese administration of Macao in 1999, Chinese Vice

Foreign Minister Zhou Nan cal-

led it an "important step ... in

striving for the realisation of the

grand goal of the reunification of

the motherland in this century."

however, remains the most elu-

sive — the reunification of the

Communist-ruled mainland and

Taiwan, the island seat of the

rival Chinese nationalist govern-

Peking promised that Macao, a

tiny enclave on the South China

coast, could retain its capitalist

system for 50 years after it reverts

to Chinese sovereignty as part of

a "one country, two systems"

The accord followed a pattern

established in December 1984 by

the Chinese-British agreement on

the return of Hong Kong in 1997,

The most important step,

Chinese reunification.

happened to the Tudeh and the liberals in Iran. When I was told that the LCP headquarters at Tarik Zhdide (a West Beirut neighbourhood) was besieged by Amal, I took my decision alone. It was a stand on principle. They are our allies. We can't abandon them when they are threatened by a sort of Muslim obscurantism. Islam is not the Islam that is coming from Persia. It's something else, and nobody can ques-

tion my Islamic faith." Does the USSR bear responsibility for what happened? "They have been dragged into this perhaps because the LCP congress was held at my place in Baaklin and Karen Brutens (a member of the central committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union) was there. But he did not give the go-ahead. He told me: I understand you, but shouldn't you perhaps take a

more moderate view? Whatever the truth, the Soviet ambassador in Lebanon, Vasili Kolotosha, was prominent among those who rallied round Walid Junblatt. Moreover, when asked whether the USSR was his best ally, Junblatt answered: "It's a very important political ally, who

represents a certain guarantee." Was he expecting Damascus to retaliate? "Whatever happens will happen. I wasn't expecting it. But the Syrians were furious. They thought that Arafat and I were involved in a plot. Today we're being branded as 'Israeli Arafatists' and the Lebanese Communist Party is accused of being a front for Mossad in Lebanon. It's ridiculous, stupid."

What could be expected from the Syrian "pacification" of West Beirut? "Pacifying Beirut without a political overview is very risky," pointed out Junblatt. "We hope this return will be positive. But the political facts of the war have not changed. Israel is at Jezzin (15 kilometres from Mukhtara). Amin Gemayel and the (Phalangist) isolationist bloc are still there. The Americans are waiting. Will Israel take advantage of the situation to get the Syrians enmeshed? Syria has been trying for 12 years to work out a politic-

when the British lease over much

ists to discuss reunification based

on "one country, two systems"

Britain and Portugal, which

found their colonial rule of Hong

Kong and Macao increasingly un-tenable with Chinese calls for

reunification, accepted the "one

country, two systems" resolution.

the Chinese Nationalist Party, which fled to the island in 1949

after being defeated by the Com-

munists in a civil war on the

mainland. The Nationalists still

claim to be the rightful ruler of all

China and reject all Communist

overtures as "sugar-coated

want a Communist system, and

pattern of 'one country, two sys-

Taiwan, however, is ruled by

of that colony expires.

Taiwan: Next target of China's reunification

ntalist system.

and has promised that Taiwan Hong Kong and Macao."

Could keep its army, intelligence

Hu predicted a lengthy stale-

Hu Fu, professor of politics of National Taiwan University, said most Taiwan residents "don't confrontation," he said.

don't even want to consider the and we will not accept provisions

tems'" afraid of what it country to a local government would mean for the thriving eco- under Communist China," he

uprising killing at least 10,000.)

"The Christians are not Falangists." he noted, "but the Falangists are still Falangists. Amin Gemayel, Geagea (leader of the Christian militia unit known as the Lebanese Forces), Chamoun, they're all the same, bar a few minor differences."

Junbiatt was quite clear on the question of the fate of the Palestinians, a delegation of whom was present at Mukhtara: "I believe that an armed Palestinian element is necessary in Lebanon for the Palestinian and Lebanese cause. The Palestinians need to be armed so they can guarantee their survival and continue their struggle, though in a different way than pre-1982. But they cannot be reduced to the status of refugees under the Lebanese army's beel.

"The biggest handicap for everybody is Arafat's attitude towards Syria and Syria's towards Arafat. Now there isn't a chance of Assad and Arafat agreeing. Arafat is going off course, stupidly, as usual. Peres is not going to hand Jerusalem over to him any more than my friend King Hussein is going to give him Amman. The road to Palestine runs through Moscow and Washington. Arafat is in too much of a hurry. I can understand that. I know him well. But I don't see Palestine becoming a reality for the next generation. It's a new

Did he have a solution for the war of the camps which still continues? "A peace plan in Beirut cannot survive with the war of the camps. Arafat has done what he wanted to do. He has partly succeeded, but it's time to stop for the sake of these wretched refugees in Shatila and Bourj

al-Barajneh who are dying." At any rate, the struggle against the Palestinians, said Junblatt, was responsible for the break with Amal. "Since the first

Peking has urged the National- will fight against them," Hu said. Tawan's chief arms supplier and

much more difficult goal than

might enter talks with the main-

land on certain practical issues.

cuss transportation and family

visits, but not reunification. Hu

But a ranking government offi-cial, who spoke on condition of

anonymity, said greater interna-

tional pressure to enter reunifica-

tion talks was likely with the

completion of negotiations over Hong Kong and Macao. "More and more foreigners

will take into account that talks

can solve reunification problems,

"But we are a sovereign state

which apparently downgrade this

Taiwan might eventually dis-

tremists. It's not possible. It's as alliance with the Shi'ite move-if Syria had reached a political ment had been vulnerable. The

be left of Arabism in Lebanon? movements are springing up. replaced by Iran, a fanatical Muslim Iran which has money.

"The Hizbollah movement owes an explanation on the relations between the United States and Iran. The American arms deliveries to Iran are a very shady business. I understand the case of the hostages is a human problem that needs to be settled. But there's a political issue that's more important than Terry Waite (the Anglican Archbishop of Canterbury's special emissary who disappeared in Lebanon two months ago) and the others. There have always been relations between Persia and the Jews. It's a constant. Persia would like to have an outlet on the Mediterranean.

for example.

agreement with the Muslim war of the camps caused a split. Brotherhood at Hama." (In In any case, it's difficult to forge February 1982, Syria bloodily an alliance between the Druze crushed a Muslim Brotherhood and Shi'ite communities. But perhans an alliance may be possible between the PSP and Amal as

political parties." For the 38-year-old Walid Junblatt, who inherited the dynastic leadership of the Druze community as well as his father's Arab nationalist aspirations, the rise of the Hizbollah is all the more dangerous as it parallels Christian "extremism." "I'm continuing my father's struggle for Arabism," he said. "But unfortunately, with the Maronites looking to the West and the Shi'ites turning to Persia, what's going to Time is not on our side. Religious Political parties are being drive to the south of Lebanon and are

Can Syria tolerate the influence of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah movement? "I don't think it's in Syria's strategic interest to have an Islamic government in Lebanon. That's a danger. Syria cannot accept it. But it has other considerations, like the Gulf war,

Where relations with Syria are concerned — they are strained, to say the least — Junblatt wanted to be realistic. "We have the sea, Israel and Syria," he said. "We the LCP reminds you of what al compromise with Christian ex- 1985 war of the camps, our chose Syria for reasons of tradi-

Communists maintain Taiwan is a

part of China, but the possibility

recently came up with the forma-

tion of the opposition Democratic

Progressive Party, whose mem-

bers are primarily native

The party alarmed both the Nationalist and Communist gov-

ernments with its position that the people of Taiwan, of which

no more than 15 per cent are

from the mainland, should have the right of self-determination.

Democratic Progressive Party

officials, who have accused the

Nationalists of not representing

all Taiwanese, have advocated a

plebiscite on the island's future. Opposition lawmaker Chiu

Lien-Hui said that an option to

having to choose between the

status quo or Communist rule

would be the establishment on

Taiwan of a country of perma-

nent neutrality.

of an independence mo

tion and self-interest. Forty days after my father's death (assassinated 50 metres from a Syrian roadblock), I went to Damascus in spite of everything that had happened. We're Arabs and Damascus is important for us. We Druzes have always been the border guards of Islam and Arabism. We'll never be Israel's border guards. Who wants to be that? Stupidly enough, certain Maronites and now certain Shi ites."

Ten years after Kamal Junblatt's assassination, how did he assess the record of his own political experience? "I think I have more or less brought my father's dreams and hopes to fruition. We have a party and institutions. Before now, there was one man. And in addition we now have our

own small militia (the besttrained in Lebanon which gets direct Soviet help on weapons) and that's the most important guarantee. If I become a road accident casualty (a reference to his father who was machine-gunned in his car), it's important there should be someone else to take up the reins."

It is a pragmatism he badly needs to steer his way among the pitfalls. Until such time as these hypothetical political reforms (in which he has hardly any confidence for the moment) come to pass, Walid Junblatt, now the sole master of the Shour mountains — the Christians were driven out in September 1983 is developing the Druzes' territory and protecting his community's interests as well as he can.

## **.ETTERS**

#### Setting the record straight

To the Editor:

ALLOW me to comment on some points of your editorial "Aegean dispute lives on" (Jordan Times, March 30, 1987), which may have led to some misconceptions regarding the dispute over the continental shelf of the Aegean:

1. The crisis in the Aegean of last week would have not arisen if Turkey had accepted Greece's longstanding proposal to refer the dispute to the International Court of Justice at The Hague. Already the undersecretary of the ministry of foreign affairs in the Greek government summoned the Turkish ambassador in Athens on March 26, 1987 and again proposed to submit the dispute to the International Court of Justice.

Greece, as it has stated many times in the past, is ready to enter into negotiations with Turkey so that this dispute, which is of a ral mature, is settled through the prop iudicial procedure.

2. The substance of the dispute is not the question of the 12-mile limit of territorial waters, but the delimitation of the continental shelf. According to the U.N. Law of the Sea, agreed upon in 1982 by almost all nations of the World, islands have their own continental shelf. So Greece's stand is based upon Interna-tional Law, Conventional and Customary, as well as existing international practice.

3. It is not true that Greece declared its intention to drill for oil off Thassos island. The declared intention was that of the chairman of a foreign oil-consortium which has a concession in

The Greek government has submitted to Parliament, as a matter of urgency, a draft law which authorises it to buy the shares of the foreign consortium and therefore the question of "how, where and when" drilling takes place will be a decision of the Greek government and nobody else. Thus, the statements of the foreign consortium chairman had not any value and cannot be taken as an excuse for the Turkish reaction, as the Turkish government has been officially notified about the Greek inten-

I hope that moderation will prevail upon the other side so that a solution could be found to the above dispute based on International Law, thus eliminating this cause of friction.

> Hannibai Velliadis Ambassador of Greece

- 25\*\*

2-1

#### Democratic Progressive Party spokesman You Ching said his Although a Communist inva-sion of Taiwan is considered un-Taiwan's per capita income of \$3,748 last year was about 10 party does not believe the Comtimes the per capita income of likely, many people believe Chimainland China. munist overtures and has no plans to talk with the Chinese leaders.

JORDAN MARKET PLACE

"If the Communists use milit-" Taiwan were to announce its inary force, I believe most people "dependence. The United States is

"Reunification with Taiwan is a major trading partner.

much more difficult goal than Both the Nationalists and

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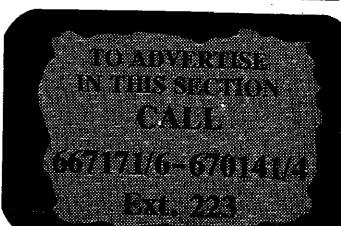
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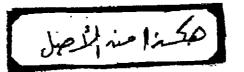
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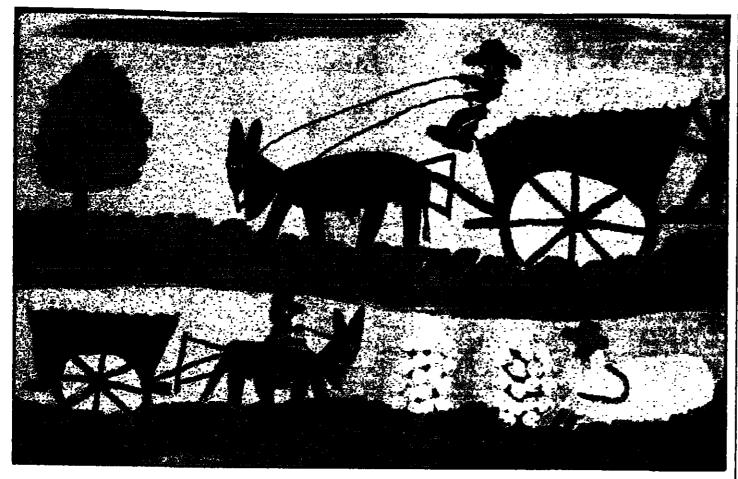
**HOTEL \* APARTOTEL \*** RESTAURANT











Mules stare impudently at the onlooker as they had cotton from a field in this 1970 painting by Clementine Hunter, 100-year-old primitive artist. Granddaughter of a slave, the artist picked cotton in Louisiana well into young womanhood, then became a house servant

at Melrose Plantation. Her paintings, long considered valuable because they chronicle days gone by, are increasingly hafled for their

her expressed concern as Dr.

Bailey departed was, 'Tell Tom-

my to get on out here with that

salt meat he promised, or my

In the sweltering parlor of her trailer, Mrs. Hunter sits in an

overstuffed chair with her alumi-

nium walker beside her. Her ros-

ary is looped around one handle

of the walker. On the floor is a

cup into which she spits her de-

pleted snuff. She cannot rise from

her chair unassisted, so someone

must take her stick-like arms and

help her up to the walker. She has

arthritis and her eyesight is fail-

ing, yet every day she shuffles

down the narrow passage to the

sun-drenched clutter of her studio

and feverishly, passionately,

Clementine Hunter's sudden

emergence as an artist is as asto-

Orleans artist who had come to

Melrose to paint magnolias had

She approached Francois Mig

non, a French writer who lived on

the plantation, and asked, "Do

you think I could paint a pic-

ture?" Mignon's response was to

find her an old window shade and

As Mignon subsequently

wrote, "At 5 o'clock the next

morning, she tapped on my door

again, explaining that she had

brought me her first picture. I

took one look at it (and) nearly

Thus she began. The life of the

plantation had been hard — and

still was — for that granddaugh-

ter of a slave. But she would not

wait until life was perfect before she celebrated it. She would not

wait for somebody else to immor-

talise her son Frenchie. She'd do

fell out at the sight of it."

discarded some old tubes.

a few brushes.

attacks her canvas

## Clementine Hunter, ex-cotton picker, paints a century of bright memories

By Kenneth C. Danforth National Geographic .

NATCHITOCHES, Louisiana — When Frenchie came home to die, Clementine cared for him in sorrow. Then he did die, as he'd announced he would. After Clementine came home from the funeral, she couldn't sleep. She'd loved her son with consuming love. Now he had gone away and would not come back, and she had to paint. That was

Clementine Hunter's way. She painted an open grave, with Frenchie soaring out of it, already fitted with angel's wings, heading for a hole in the sky that would take him to the Promised

-1-2igh

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1)

Land The scene of Frenchie's leavetaking strikes with primal force. The painting may be the most emotional of Clementine Hunter's 5,000 to 7,000 paintings, but it is not alone in its communion with her deepest feelings.

#### Plantation memories

And Clementine Hunter has had a lot of time to feel. In December 1986 her admirers celebrate her 100th birthday. The occasion means little to one whose richest images erupt from a plantation past.

On the wall of her trailer is a plastic relief of the Last Supper and a proclamation from Gov. Edwards of Louisiana, making her an honorary colonel and aide-de-camp. President Carter invited her to the White House; she wouldn't go because they said she'd have to fly. Lots of people fly, a friend told her. "They crazy, too," she said. She's seen an airplane, though, and painted it; the propeller is on the

One of America's most-. admired artists picked cotton well into young womanhood. Then

did the laundry and ironing at Melrose Plantation until the owners recognised her ability as a

She worked on the plantation until she was about 75, and for years would work all day, then walk the dirt road to her shack to cook for her family before earning the right, not to sleep, but to paint. Once she started to paint, it became her obsession. Yet she never held a brush until she was

Clementine Hunter has never been more than 100 miles from the rural parish where she was born. It is doubtful whether she has been addressed as "Mrs. Hunter" a dozen times in her life. She signs her paintings with her initials superimposed, but, even though she knows better and used to draw it the other way, she reverses the "C." as well as a

about 53 years old.

. She cannot read or write. It. doesn't seem to matter. She grasps anything within reach --window shades, shoe boxes, paper sacks, snuff bottles - with gnarled fingers and floods it with narrative unfolds.

#### Compelled to paint

Today is her last day on earth, one thinks, seeing her brush jab the yard-square plywood palette and stroke a dead white surface until it comes to brilliant life.

Clementine Hunter paints: Rough-and-tumble schoolyards, decorous but perilous courtrooms, even more dangerous lots outside honkytonks, throbbing cotton gins, lively funerals, river baptizings, pecan-tree thrashing, joyously successful fishing expeditions, and, in characteristic whimsy, chickens pulling enormous loads of cotton.

In her banana-frond-shaded Nativity scenes, the wise men present a black Mary with three gifts: A cake wrapped in cel-lophane, a box of candy, and a cabbage is gone rot.

big squash known as a cushaw. She paints entirely from memory. "Anything that come into my mind, I paints it," she says. 'Anything.'

She painted evocative abstracts for a while, but quit, protesting, "they make my head sweat."

"Clementine has documented a way of life on southern plantations," says Thomas N. Whitehead, a journalism professor at Northwestern State University of Louisiana. "Her role as a participant who can tell us about those days is unique. She lived it and she can paint it."
Whitehead is one of a small

group of Natchitoches academics Clemeatine Hunter is their noblest purpose. Several times a she was already many times a grandmother, she saw that a little and the saw that a lit driven seven miles through the Cane River cottonfields to her small trailer to supply her with brushes, oil paints, and other needs, such as fried chicken. She. treats such devotion as her due, upbraiding him for any lapse.

Mildred Bailey, dean of the same university, is another of Clementine Hunter's benefactors. On a recent visit to the trailer to help her sort out a financial problem, Dr. Bailey first had to contend with the tiny, wizened artist's pique at a perceived transgression by White-

#### Waiting for salt meat

"I got a pretty cabbage over there," Mrs. Hunter said, "and it waitin' for that salt meat Tommy supposed to bring me to go with

At the end of an hour's visit,

## **New Occasional Paper discusses** theory, practice of Islamic banking ISLAMIC banking, once fully treated, and regulates the lending enhanced the potential for grea-operational, can result in efficient activities of banks. Banks were ter intermediation. According to

resource allocation while maintaining the effectiveness of monetary policy, according to a Fund study. But the transition from a conventional banking system may entail considerable adjustment. Islamic Banking, by Zubair Iqbal and Abbas Mirakhor, looks at the theoretical precepts of Islamic banking and at the problems associated with putting theory into practice. The study, which is No. 49 in the Fund's Occasional Paper series, focuses particularly on interestfree banking --- one of the salient features of an Islamic financial system — and on how the absence of a predetermined rate of return affects business arrangements as well as the allocation of financial resources.

To analyse the practical application of an Islamic banking system, the study looks at the experience of Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran, both of which have recently attempted to introduce such a system on a comprehensive basis. The authors find that while these two countries have made major strides, the changeover has entailed some difficulties. These relate primarily to the lack of appropriate legal frameworks, inadequate financial infrastructures, and the unavailability of non-interest-based instruments to finance fiscal deficits. On the other hand, the authors say, implementation of the new system has neither been disruptive nor has it adversely affected monet-

ary policy. One of the key distinguishing features of Islamic banking is its prohibition against the charging of interest. Islam argues that lenders whose funds are used for capital investment purposes should receive an appropriate share of the profits rather than the predetermined fraction of income represented by interest. An Islamic financial system therefore disallows interest while encouraging "true profit as a return to entrepreneurial effort and to financial capital." The paper stresses, however, that the absence of interest is by no means an accurate description of the system

as a whole.

In essence, banks operating in an Islamic system perform the same functions as banks in a more traditional banking system: they act as financial intermediaries and as administrators of the economy's payments system. A major difference, however, is that banks in an Islamic system face fewer solvency and liquidity risks than their counterparts in more traditional systems. The paper explains that under an Islamic banking system, bank deposits can take the form of investment deposits or demand deposits. The latter earn no return but bear no risk of loss to principal. Investment deposits, by contrast, share in the profits — and losses — of the bank. Banks' lending arrangements follow similar rules, with the banks (as owners of financial capital) providing financing to agent-entrepreneurs (who contribute their time, effort, and labour) on the basis of

explicit profit-sharing rules. The most common types of profit-sharing arrangements for banks operating under an Islamic system are the following:

• Mudarabah — an agreement

between one or more partners in which banks provide the financial capital and the other partners provide the human capital, and Musharakah — a form of business arrangement involving a number of partners who pool their financial resources to provide the capital needed to under-

activity. All financial risks under both types of arrangements are borne by the owners of the funds and not by the entrepreneurs. Profits are apportioned among the part-ners according to predetermined

take a commercial or industrial

Republic of Iran adopted the Law for Usury-Free Banking, a comprehensive decree designed to bring financial activities in line with Islamic precepts. The law specifically prohibits banks from charging or paying interest, specifies how bank deposits are to be

given three years to convert all their operations to comply with the Law.

The most significant economic

aspect of the Law, according to the paper, is that it attemtpts "to forge a closer relationship between financial intermediation and real economic-asset creation without resort to an interest rate." As in conventional banking systems, Iranian banks may accept current and savings deposits, but they may pay no return on these. To attract this type of deposits, banks are allowed to offer such incentives as nonfixed prizes or bonuses in cash or in kind; reductions in (or exemption from having to pay) bank commissions and fees; and priority in the use of banking facilities. Deposits may also take the form of short-term or long-term investment deposits, both of which earn a rate of return based on the bank's profits and on the investment maturity.

too early to determine the effectiveness of the new system, since relevant data are available only for the first full year. Still, it would appear that the effectiveness of monetary policy has remained broadly unaffected. At the same time, the data indicate that the Iranian banking system has had relative success in converting deposits into the forms allowed under the new system. but "the asset side shows a much slower pace in this conversion." The paper notes that the banking system has been able to use less than half of its investment resources for providing credit to the private sector; most credits extended have been for short-term facilities. This suggests that resources have been used primarily to finance commercial and trade transactions.

The authors recognise that it is

According to the authors, the slower pace of adjustment on the asset side reflects the inadequate supply of commercial bank personnel trained in handling longterm financing. Prior to the introduction of the Law, the authors explain, long term financing was typically handled by specialised banks, with commercial banks concentrating primarily on short-term lending. However, steps are being taken to train bank staff so as to permit appraisal and financing of investment projects in accordance with the provisions of

In contrast to Iran's once-andfor-all transformation to an interest-free financial system Pakistan has opted for a gradual process of Islamisation. This process began in 1979-80, "when the specialised credit institutions in the public sector reoriented their financial activities toward noninterest-bearing operations." The Islamisation process continued over the next four years, with domestic commercial banks allowed to accept deposits on the basis of profit-and-loss sharing (PLS) and with steps taken to develop non-interest-bearing financial instruments in which to invest the deposits.

The first phase of the transformation process in Pakistan ended on January 1, 1985, when the authorities took formal steps to transform the banking system into one where all operations were conducted on the basis of no interest. However, foreign currency deposits or loans from abroad are exempt from the regulations, and transactions with the government continue to be conducted on the basis of in-

According to the authors, "the stress has been on introducing new modes of financing without, as far as possible, altering the basic functioning and structure of the banking system." This, together with the gradual pace of transition, has made it easier for Pakistani banks to adapt to the new system. The country has therefore avoided disruptions in lending activity, with a large proportion of financing carried out at a cost similar to the lending

rates charged previously. The introduction of the new system has led to the creation of additional financial instruments, the paper observes. In turn, this has probably facilitated the development of financial markets and ter intermediation. According to the authors, these developments have not had an adverse impact on the ability of the monetary authorities to regulate the banking system or on the effectiveness

of monetary policy. The lending operations of Pakistani banks under the new system are typically carried out under one of the following allowable modes of financing:

• interest-free lending, on which banks may charge a service

 trade-related financing, for which minimum and maximum rates of charge are fixed by the State Bank of Pakistan; and

 investment financing, with profit-sharing ratios determined by the State Bank of Pakistan and losses shared among the financiers. Liabilities of Pakistani banks

under the new system are typically composed of current account deposits, which earn no profit, and PLS deposits. The latter earn a rate of return based on the profits of the bank holding the deposits, (differential rate of return among banks are viewed as encouraging competition). According to the paper, these rates of return have, in general, been higher than the interest rates paid prior to Islamisation. The paper points out that PLS deposits are not guaranteed, so that losses of principal are possible under this system.

The limited experience of Pakistan and Iran so far shows that they have encountered similar difficulties in implementing Islamic banking. One of these is the concentration of bank assets on short-term trade credits rather than on long-term financing. This is an important problem, the paper cautions, because in addition to being inconsistent with the intentions of the new system, "the heavy concentration in a few assets might adversely affect the stability of banks' asset portfolios and increase risk."

There are a number of reasons for this concentration of assets, the paper explains. Because short-term types of financing permitted under the new system are similar to interest-based banking, they require few changes in lending procedures. In addition, shortcomings in business ethics, relative to what is required under Islamic principles, and the reluctance of borrowers to share information about their operations may have discouraged banks from taking equity positions in enterprises. Another reason for the preponderance of short-term loans, according to the authors, is that institutional structures such as capital markets are not developed sufficiently to facilitate the growth of investment-type lending. Furthermore, they add, commercial banks at present lack expertise in project evaluation, and this "has tended to militate against investment-type lending. As for borrowers, their immediate concern has been to keep the cost of credit unchanged, and short-term lending operations

have made this possible. A second problem encountered by both countries is the difficulty in financing budget deficits under a non-interest system. The study emphasises that finding a way to finance such deficits is "central to a further evolution of the Islamic. banking system, since the government accounts for a major compopent of demand for credit." For the time being, Iran has dealt with this problem by decreeing that all financial transactions between public sector agencies and enterprises (including nationalised banks) take place on the basis of a fixed rate of return which is not considered interest. The government can thus borrow from the nationalised banking system "without violating the injunctions of the Law."

In the case of Pakistan, the paper says, not all of the government's financing is being carried out on a non-interest basis. In large part, this reflects the difficulties faced by the Pakistani government in reducing its deficit either by raising additional revenues or by containing expenditures. But, the authors maintain. this is also a direct consequence of the problems that the country has had in devising modes of

Data: Pakistan authorities; State Bank of Pakistan, *Monthly Bulletin*, May 1985

In addition, certain specific pressures will need to be addressed. These include the lag in adjusting the legal framework to accommodate new banking practices, the arbitrary determination of rates of return and charges, and the need for revamping the procedures for settling disputes.

The problems faced by Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran in implementing Islamic banking stem from the inadequacy of their financial infrastructures, limitations of their legal frameworks, and difficulties relating to fiscal policy objectives and instruments. In neither country, for example, is there a welldefined legal system that specifies the domain and limitations of property rights and contracts, and that corresponds to the banking system and Islamic law. The lack of such a legal system, the paper argues, "may have strengthened the environment of uncertainty, limited long-term investment. and forced the banking system to concentrate its asset portfolios in short-term transations."

Pakistan has attempted to deal with this problem by setting up special banking tribunals to handle Islamic-based contracts, since neither the regular courts nor existing contract and corporate laws are able to handle such contracts. But this is short-term remedy, the paper stresses, "and the problem will continue to persist and become ore complext until the legal system and the ... laws have become more attuned to the legal requirements of the new banking system." The problem is somewhat different in the Islamic Republic of Iran, where the legal system is already based on Islamic law. Here, the paper says, the main problem is the absence of a law that focuses explicitly on the rights and limitations of private property of individuals. This has made entrerreneurs and banks reluctant to engage in long-term profit-shar-

ing project activities. Another major constraint on the successful implementation of Islamic banking in these countries, and one that is "onite intractable," is the lack of appropriate non-interest-based instruments for financing budget deficits. The solution to this problem requires work on three

 conducting fiscal policy according to Islamic precepts, which require that such policy be "efficient and responsible" and that the government be able to , justify and rationalise all its expenditures;

• ensuring that the tax structure is appropriate so as to discourage tax evasion; and • devising financial instru-

ments that would permit government borrowing to take place at a nonfixed rate of return. The third problem faced by

these two countries in trying to implement Islamic banking is the lack of an appropriate financial infrastructure. On a general level, there is a lack of familiarity among businessmen and entrepreneurs with regard to the Islamic rules of business ethics. On a more specific level, there is a "long-standing problem of inadequate education and training on the part of the staff and personnel within the banking system." Detailed project appraisals and the monitoring of projects, the authors emphasise, require banking personnel who have a high degree of expertise in banking and finance as well as knowledge of the types of Islamic financial transactions and their requirements. Providing training to banking personnel is therefore imperative, they maintain, as is the need to develop budget financing instruments designed specifically for an Islamic-type financial system. This should go hand-in-hand with steps aimed at resolving technical difficulties in developing and putting into operation new financial instruments to permit banks to diversify their asset portfolios. Correcting these inherent

problems, the paper suggests, will go a long way toward ensuring that Pakistan and the Islamic Republic of Iran succeed in their efforts to implement Islamic banking — IMF survey.

#### Cyprus battles drugs in Middle East web one for 399 and Germany with

By Katherine McElroy Reuter

NICOSIA — Drug smuggling webs and Middle East turmoil have entangled the police force of Cyprus in battles which the holiday island neither sought nor

"It is unfortunate that drug smugglers use Cyprus for its uni-que geographical position. We are not to blame," police chief Frixos Yiangou told Reuters. Cyprus has become a main drugs gateway for the poppy and cannabis plantations in Lebanon,

a mere 100 miles away. The Lebanese find Cyprus a good place to make contacts," said Panikos Hadiiloizou, head of the island's drug squad.

Narcotics dealers are not the only smugglers attracted by the land's modern communications links and its proximity to the

for Lebanon were recently intercepted at Limassol port and arms couriers have been arrested at Lamaca airport.

since 1984.

Middle East.

Diplomatic sources say Western and Eastern bloc intelligenceagencies are rubbing shoulders on the island as they vie for advantage after leaving Beirut. And

Three containers of arms bound

violence farming out from the Middle East has killed 10 people

The 3,876-strong Cyprus police force has the high ratio of one policeman for every 145 inhabitants (compared to Britain with

But the force is spread-thin. Yiangon said the ratio dropped to one for 258 if such additional tasks as immigration and collecting municipal taxes and fines were taken into account.

one for 321).

"For a Greek Cypriot popula-tion of just over half a million we also have a flow of tourists that is double our population," he said. We have no restrictions on people entering Cyprus and do not exclude certain nationalities. ·The small number of visitors we suspect of illegal activities we ask

to leave." .The police have to protect 22 foreign diplomatic missions, many of which are at odds with their neighbours in the region.

"Cyprus receives its share of terrorist trouble," Yiangou said. Since 1985, bombs have ex-ploded in Nicosia at the home of the Palestine Liberation Organisation representative and at the Israeli embassy. Bombs have also blasted the Iraqi Airways office and killed the airline's manager outside his home.

The offices of Royal Jordanian suffered a 1985 grenade attack, while two bombs found outside the Libyan embassy failed to ex-"Protection is always increased

according to threats against ( such In August 1983, the Islamic places) or to dangers as they occur ... We are worried and take measures at airports and ports up to international standards, Yiangou said.

#### Exercise buffs walking — not running icans walk at least 30 miles a Hartsdale, New York, firm that ters he came up with the idea

By Jenny Abdo

NEW YORK - Put away the aerobic dance tights and the jogging suit. A less strenuous remedy for wide thighs and flabby bellies is becoming as chic as high-fibre cereal.

It is called walking and it's the latest American fitness craze. Walking has been rediscovered as an activity that burns calonies, trims the body and fortifies the

Last year, 30 million Amerscans paced through neighbourhoods, city streets and shopping malls regularly for exercise, according to a New York Sports Data firm.

And some 1.9 million Amer-

Already, this breed of walkers exercised before — outnumber runners, tennis players, and nearly every other type of part-time

athlete. Few are defectors from jogging and many are younger women who have shied away from rigorous exercise or older folks whose doctors have told them to exercise to stay alive.

They have transformed walking into a formal exercise by adding speed, time and a lot of

"The walking trend is at a stage now where running was in the early 1970s," said Harve, Larer. of American Sports Data Inc. a George Pakradoonian, told Reuing to Dr. James Rippe.

specialises in sports surveys. "It's a growing phenomenon,"

- most of whom have never says Lauer. "Some people have been doing it for years, but it wanted walking shoes," said Pakwent unnoticed because it's a radoonian. "So I decided to open" hidden activity," camouflaged by garden-variety pedestrians out with their dogs or on their way to the corner shop to buy some

> "You can see joggers, but you can't see walkers," said Lauer. In December, Urban Hiker which bills itself as "America's exclusively to walking equipfirst walking store" - opened a shop in New York devoted exclusively to walking equipment.

while managing a more traditional shoe store for his father.

"Customers always said they

a store that sells just that." While walking has emerged as the latest fashion in fitness, exercise walking was first recommended years ago by cardiologists and other physicians to patients suffering from heart and hing disease, obesity and other

health problems. Walking one mile at a pace of at least three miles an hour burns 100 calories. Exercise walking may also improve cardiovascular efficiency, lower blood press-The owner, 27-year-old ure and reduce body fat, accord-

#### Pakistan: Comparisons of Interest Rates and Rates of Return Under Profit-and-Loss-Sharing (PLS) Deposits<sup>1</sup>

		Notice Deposits 7 days 30 days														-Year osits	Five-Year and Longer-Term Deposits		
		Non- PLS	PLS	Non- PLS	eys PLS	Non- PLS	PL\$	Non- PL\$	PLS	Non- PLS	PLS	Non- PLS	PLS	Non- PLS	PLS	Non- PLS	PLS	Non- PLS	PLS
1981	June	5.3	_		_	7.6	8.6	9.4	10.9	10.4	12.2	10.5	12.7	11.2	13.7	12.0	14.2	12.0	14.7
	December	6.0	_		_	7.6	8.7	10.0	11.2	10.2	12.5	10.6	13.0	11.3	13.9	12.2	14.4	12.2	14.9
1982	June	5.8	_	٠		7.6	8.6	9.8	10.8	10.3	12.0	11.1	12.7	12.0	13.6	12.3	14.1	12.4	14.6
	December	6.3	_		_	7.6	8.2	9.9	10.5	10.6	11.5	11.0	12.1	12.0	13.1	12.2	14.0	12.5	14.3
1983	June	6.3	_			7.6	8.3	9.9	10.5	10.5	11.6	10.8	12.2	11.8	13.0	12.4	13.6	12.4	
	December	6.3	_		_	7.6	7.7	9.9	9.9	10.5	10.8	10.7	11.5	11.7	12.3	12.4	12.8	12.4	14.1
1984	June	5.5	_	6.5	_	7.6	7.5	9.9	9.5	10.5	10.5	11.1	11.0	11.8	11.8	12.5	12.5		13.3
	December	5.5	5.9	6.5	6.9	7.5	8.0	9.5	10.1	10.5	11.2	11.0	11.8	11.8	12.5	12.3	13.1	12.5	13.5
1985		_	5.4	. —	6.2	_	8.3	_	10.8	_	11.1	_	12.2		13.2	-	14.2	12.8	13.6 15.2

# Mandlikova romps to easy win in Washington tourney

FAIRFAX, Virginia (R) — Top-seeded Hana Mandlikova duly ended unseeded Barbara Potter's run of surprise victories in the \$150,000 Washington Women's Tennis Tournament with a 6-4, 6-2 win in the final.

The Czechoslovak Australian Open champion, who has not dropped a set all week, claimed her third title of the year with another confident and competent display against her fellow 25-

Potter, ranked 35th in the world, started well and dropped only one point in her first three service games.

But after Mandlikova broke serve with a forehand passing shot for a 4-3 first set lead, any hopes Potter had of repeating her win over fourth-seed Zina Garrison began to fade.

Mandlikova held her own serve with an ace to go 5-3 up and then secured the first set in the 10th game with two service winners. Potter had no answer to Mandlikova in the second set as the world's fourth-ranked player

romped into a 5-0 lead. The American staged a brief revival in the sixth game when she saved a match point with a



Czechoslovak reeled off three She held serve to trail 5-2 but it accurate winners on the way to was only a temporary stay of securing the \$30,500 first prize execution for Potter as the Sunday night in the eight game.

## Malta holds Portugal to 2-2 draw

FUNCHAL, Madeira (R) — Malta's mainly part-time side held Portugal to a 2-2 draw in a European Soccer Championship qualifying match to gain its firstever away point of the competi-

The visitor could just as easily have won the Group Two game as it was 2-1 ahead with only 14 minutes left when Jorge Placido spared Portugal's blushes with a swerving 20-metre shot high into the net.

The shock result left thirdplaced Portugal in a hopeless position five points adrift of lead-

since entering the championship 25 years ago.

night match slowly, allowing Malta's defence plenty of time to organise, though poor marking gave Placido a free header from a

Veloso cross in the 12th minute. Apparently thinking Placido's effort was going wide, keeper Cluett failed to move and watched the ball go in off a post.

Malta was seldom troubled after that and its growing confidence in counter-attacking paid off 11 minutes later when Mizzi er Italy while Malta, the peren- scored from the penalty spot after nial punchbag side of Europe, a team-mate was pushed in a

celebrated its first away point goalmouth scramble. Twenty-one minutes after the interval Malta shocked the home Portugal began the Sunday

> Placido's late goal did little to dampen the joy of the Maltese players, who leapt about the field as if they had won the championship when the final whistle

> > The Associated Press

LONDON — English soccer is

blue-collar neighbourhoods.

olo uvalu

But unruly behaviour in sta-

diums and financial squeezes on

teams - problems mirroring so-

cial and economic conflicts in

British society as a whole — are

Soccer officials and observers

of the sport say reforms are

essential, even though it means

farewell to traditional practices

that gave English soccer its dis-

"It's important the game learns

how to break down its pre-

judices," said John Williams, a

sociologist at Leicester University

who has studied soccer and its

problems. "We have been afraid

in the past that football (soccer)

has not always understood all the

prompting changes.

tinctive flavour.

#### Young Belgian star heads for Internazionale Milan

BRUSSELS, (R) — Enzo Scifo, due to leave Milan at the end of this season.

Scifo's transfer comes just two nazionale Milan before the end of this week for more than 100 million Belgian francs (\$2.7 million), Anderlecht manager Michel Verschueren said Monday.

Verschueren told Reuters only minor problems remained in negotiations between Scifo, 21, and the two clubs, but there was no doubt a deal would be clin-

Scifo, whose precocious skills won him the Belgian Player of the Year award at the age of 18 and made him a crowd favourite, is likely to replace West German Karl-Heinz Rummenigge, who is

weeks after Anderlecht was knocked out of the European Champions' Cup by West Germany's Bayern Munich.

Contacts between Scifo, a Belgian of Italian extraction, and the Italian club started two years ago.

Scifo has won 24 caps. He was an important member of the Belgian team which reached the World Cup semifinals in Mexico last year.

Born of Sicilian parents, he changed his nationality to Belgian to play in the national squad at the 1984 European Cham-

## Britain's Lyle wins TPC golf in sudden-death playoff

PONTE VEDRA, Florida (R) -Britain's Sandy Lyle captured the prestigious \$1 million Tournament Players' Championship (TPC) when he beat American leff Sluman on the third hole of a

dramatic sudden-death playoff. In 1985 British Open champion rolled home a six-foot putt to par the third extra hole — the tough 440-yard, par-four 18th — and win the \$180,000 frirst prize and with it valuable 10-year qualifying

exemption from the PGA tour. Lyle, who shot a final round 70 to Sluman's 69, snatched victory after never looking totally at ease during the nerve-jangling play-

The Scot had to scramble to match Sluman's par at the first extra hole, the par-five 16th, after running through the green with his third shot and coming to rest three feet short of a drop into

Then the little-known 29-yearold American fired a magnificent tee-shot to within five feet of the pin at the 135-yard, par-three 17th as Lyle played safe and

finished up more than 35 feet

But as Sluman steadied himse for a match-winning birdie attempt, a prankster from the gallery dived into the lake surrounding the green and clearly broke the American's concentra-

Sluman returned to the address after composing himself but allowed his putt to drift right and the pair halved the hole and moved on to the 18th as darkness

began to fall. There they played identical second shots to the pin and both ended up a yard apart off the back of the green.

Lyle seemed to have made another error when he chipped well past the hole. But Slui squandered the opportunity by not chipping far enough and leaving himself a 10-foot uphill effort

It was his first mistake of the day and one which cost him dear. He rolled his putt four feet past the cup as Lyle stepped up to slot home his effort and clinch vic-

#### Platini's future in 'hands of God,' says Juventus

The same of the sa

TURIN, Italy (R) — Italian soccer champion Juventus is taking legal action to try to keep veteran French international midfielder Michel Platini next season, Club Chairman Giampiero Boniperti said Monday.

"The matter is in the hands of our lawyers," Boniperti told Reu-

Juventus is contesting an Italian Soccer Federation decision that only two foreign players be allowed at each club on the grounds that it contravenes European Community rules on workers' freedom of movement.

"All we are doing is trying to follow the laws of the EEC," Boniperti said.

Welsh international striker Ian Rush is due to join Juventus next season and the club still has Dane Michael Laudrup on its books, but it also wants to keep Platini, who has been playing some sparkling football during the last few league games.
"It is not as if we want six or

seven foreign players," Boniperti said. "But nothing is clear yet, everything has still to be discussed and Platini's future is in the hands of God."

The Juventus case could be heard in the European high court if the Italian federation refuses to change its rule.

The federation decided to keep its two-player restriction after lobbying from poorer clubs who say rich teams like Juventus would be able to buy in the most expensive European talent.

## Pakistan fears violence in India during cricket cup

squad's recent triumphant tour of india, and its manager and captain fear serious law and order problems at Indian venues for the

World Cup in October. to victory over the Indians in the final test after four draws, winning Pakistan's first test series in India. Pakistan also toppled the reigning World Cup champion by five wins to one in the one-day

internationals. The series, which ended last week, was contested amid crowd violence that disrupted play at three cities.

Pakistan manager Nazeer Ahmed told Reuters that India would need to take measures to solve the problem before finalising the venues for matches in the World Cup, to be staged jointly by India and Pakistan from Oct.

He said that two of his men, fast bowler Wasim Akram and batsman Javed Miandad, were injured by stones thrown by spectators during matches on the

"I think the law and order system totally failed at Ahmedabad and Nagpur ... we have serious reservations about playing at those venues in future, Ahmed said.

Indian cricket officials have said they will discuss the issue. During the recent series officials confirmed Ahmedabad as the venue for the fourth test.

NEW DELHI (R) — Crowd vio-lence marred the Pakistan cricket guaranteed tight security to prevent a recurrence of the Hindu-Muslim violence that claimed at least 50 lives last year.

The first test was originally scheduled for Ahmedabad from Imran Khan led the Pakistanis Jan. 30, but was shifted to Madras after another round of sectarian violence in Ahmedabad, in India's western Gujarat state.

"Zimbabwe plays India at Ahmedabad and New Zealand faces India at Nagour, and I can tell you they will be far less tolerant of this kind of behaviour. than us," Ahmed said.

Imran Khan told reporters at Jamshedpur, where his team played its last match, that he had feared serious injury to his men during the tour and advised Indian cricket officials to impose some form of punishment on misbehaving crowds.

Khan took his team off the field temporarily at Ahmedabad after some of the 25,000-strong crowd hurled stones and bottles at Pakistani fielders.

Play was disrupted for 50 minutes before Indian batsman Sunil Gavaskar cooled tempers by reminding spectators that they were in the native state of Mahatma Gandhi, the apostle of non-

violence." Ahmedabad police, who did not intervene for fear of worsening the situation, said later an anticipated full house of 60,000 for a World Cup tie could be

## Jaguar wins sportscar championship

JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA, Spain (R) — American Eddie Cheever and Brazilian co-driver Raul Boesel gave Jaguar its second successive World Sport-scar Championship win after ix bours of hard racing in the heat of

Cheever, who was banished to the second row of the grid and partner H fined \$5,000 for failing to sign on problems.

for the race, took the lead twothirds of the way through when both factory Porsches faltered. The lead car driven by West

German Jochen Mass and France's Bob Wollek suffered a broken transmission and the Porsche of world champion Derek Bell of Britain and West German partner Hans Stuck had gearbox

Bell managed to finish third, despite losing fourth gear halfway through the race, behind the second-placed Porsche driven by Dane Kris Nissen and Volker Weidler of West Germany.

The Spanish Grand Prix track was littered with crashed and abandoned cars behind the eightfinishers of the 23 starters of the 1.000-kilometre race-

# Tradition-bound English soccer faces fundamental changes



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crowd in the Atlantic holiday island of Madeira when it took the lead through a well-taken goal by Carmel Bussitil.

As the professional game in England prepared to celebrate its 100th birthday, fresh attention

counter violent crowds plagning by two-announcements last the sport, and is looking for ways mmonth; to solve another trouble spot. — 1 - 108-year-old Fulham foot-

making fundamental changes to uswas focused on soccer's ailments

too: the rising demand for valuball club was put up for sale and able land occupied by stadiums in could be playing its final season. Starting next season, at least eams with predominantly workprofessional soccer stadium in the ing-class supporters have made soccountry will be reserved for the host club's members. cer into England's national pas-

> Fulham Chairman David Bulstrode said Feb. 23 that the club from southwest London, cradle of some of the sport's biggest stars, would merge with Queens Park Rangers, another professional

> Craven Cottage, Fulham's sta-dium near the Thames River, will be rased and replaced by luxury apartments by Marier Estates, a property development company Bulstrode heads.

> Marler Estates bought the club and the stadium for about £9 million last May. Income from the proposed apartment development was estimated at £19 mil-

Former players and longtime fans screamed "foul" eighty arguments before it made its deci- members of the House of Com-

mons requested an investigation. Critics said soccer was falling into the hands of "asset-strippers."

David Bloomfield, a spokesman of the Football Association that governs the sport, said theres: have been cases where soccer clubs sold their stadiums and used the proceeds to finance new playing grounds.
"But it seems to be, looking at

vidual was going to benefit from this sale," Bloomfield said.

Bulstrode eventually called off the merger and said he would try to sell Fulham to soccer interests. He set a March 25 deadline for finding a buyer.

But the club's plight set off a round of soul-searching in the "The economics of local foot-ball astonish me." said Desmond Morris, the author, sociologist

and soccer fanatic from Oxford.

"I don't know how the clubs keep going. By rights, half of them should die economically." Superstars like Bryan Robson of Manchester United earn £110,000 a year. Transfer fees, which one club pays to the other

Teams in debt stay afloat by selling players, getting bank loans or securing financial aid from the local government. Businesses

rooms, 3 baths with telephone.

for a player, can run to £2 mil-

English League member whose stock is publicly traded, says it lost £1.2 million in the six months. ending last November, And the Spurs are one of soccer's best raws, a First Division team with

Smaller clubs, according to various reports, regularly roll up losses of £750,000. Second Division Leeds United sold its stadium to the city council for £2.5 million to pay off debts, with the

125 years. "We were £1.6 million in the red and hemorrhaging to death," Leeds Director Maxwell Holmes

keep the stadium for soccer for

problem was ignited by its loca-London where economic boom times are changing blue-collar neighbourhoods into upscale pre-

sometimes help out with advertis-

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ing contracts and sponsorships. within an easy drive of each other Tottenham Hotspur, the only is endless.

an explosive offence and admiring fans all over the world. council in turn guaranteeing to mediately attacked because the

Bloomfield said the Fulham tion in one of the many areas of serves. Other city clubs face the same circumstances, he said.

"When football started out, the grounds were right slap-bang in the middle of working-class areas. And the locations now ... would make very nice sites for development," he said.

London has 12 league teams. Many other cities have at least two, and the list of rural clubs

In such cases, Morris said,

"Passionate emotions are aroused" when mergers are mentioned, Morris said in an interview with the Associated Press "Because they are local clubs, they are local rivals. And any suggestion of the clubs getting together in that way is im-

it's hated.' This local loyalty of what Mor-ris calls the "soccer tribe," combined with rising unemployment and higher crime rates across Britain, have been blamed for a wave of thuggery among stadium crowds. It has led to English clubs being barred from Europe, cost governments and clubs millions of pounds for added police at matches and baffled authorities

closer the other club, the more

who have tried to stop it. Stadium uprisings in 1984-85, capped by the deaths of 39 people at the Liverpool-Juventus European Club Championship match in Brussels, prompted the ban-ning of English clubs from the three main European tournaments. English fans who followthe national team to the continent

are watched closely by police.
At home, authorities have banned alcohol on soccer grounds and installed television cameras to watch for potential trouble-

With the Fulham merger shock waves still reverberating, the bosses of English professional soccer announced their latest effort to deal with the smashed windows, burning cars and occasional deaths produced by soccer "hooligans."

Under pressure from Sports Minister Richard Tracey, the Football League, home of the Mergers would make economic nation's 92 profesional teams, sense. But the traditions that, said that beginning next season at built soccer in England have kept: least half the spectator area of it from clearing this hurdle, he each stadium would be set aside; said. membership cards.

The league long had resisted membership seating plans. It Luton lown which went to members-only attendance this season, by taking away lucrative tournament dates. But the image of the nation's soccer fans as cutthroat villains had lasted too long, soccer offi-

cials said. "The view that the visiting fan is sacrosanct may have to change," John Smith, Luton's,

. .

2

chief executive, said. Travelling fans and occasional ticket-buyers still will be welcome under the 50 per cent plan. But some officials worry that if violence continues, the government will press for members-only admission nationwide. And that, the officials said, could change the face of the crowd.

"Every Saturday, we have about 400,00 people watching the matches, and a lot of them are people who go only a few times a season. It would make it very difficult for those people to go, Bloomfield said.

Morris said that would be especially felt at clubs such as Oxford, which usually plays to less than its

14,500 home capacity. More young fans and families have been seen at this year's matches at Luton, with the threat of outside violence gone. That is the goal officials aim for in the

membership programmes.
"It will make the clubs more clublike. It will change the atmosphere a little bit," Morris said.
"But then Luton has done this and it seems to work extremely

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. cup

17 L. 2

dived against the yen in Tokyo Monday and the stock market tumbled as fears of an all-out trade war between the United States and Japan triggered panic selling by investors, dealers said. With Tokyo running out of

options to cur us trace and placate Washington, dealers said the only way out might be unilateral action by the United States to bring Japan to heel.

Just the hint of that possibility was enough to send Japanese investors scurrying to unload dollars and domestic shares Monday, especially in those companies likely to be worst hit by any U.S.

Last week, Washington decided to slap \$300 million in tariffs on Japanese electronic goods from April 17 because of Tokyo's alleged failure to live up to their agreement on trade in computer microchips.

Although both sides are doing their best to play down the dis-pute — U.S. Commerce Secretary Malcolm Baldrige Sunday predicted the chip row would be settled soon — investors are not ers said. willing to take any chances, deal-

Battered by waves of Japanese selling, the dollar plunged to a record low 144.70 yen at one point Monday, before staging a slight recovery to end the day at 146.20, still nearly three yen be-low its close here on Friday. The dollar also lost ground

against the West German mark, shedding 11/2 pfennigs to finish here at 1.8010. The dollar's plunge and mounting friction between the United States and Japan over computer

chips stopped last week's rally in Tokyo share prices dead in its tracks, brokers said. The stock market average ended 550.45 points lower at 21.627.57. Dealers said the currency market shrugged off perhaps as much

as \$2 billion worth of Bank of Japan intervention as it relentlessly drove the currency lower in the belief that was the only solution to the U.S.-Japan trade A lower dollar would make

American goods more competitive on world markets while increasing the price of imports into the United States.

Only last-minute comments by Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone saved the dollar from ending said.

Mr. Nakasone told parliament that the Group of Six industrialised nations - Britain, Canada, France, Japan, the United States and West Germany - had agreed in Paris last month to hold the dollar above 150 yen.

Finance Minister Kiichi Mivazawa weighed in with the observation that each of the six had aggressively intervened in the market to try to ensure that hap-

He later told Japanese reporters he expected the dollar to rebound as soon as domestic investors stopped dumping the U.S. currency

Although Mr. Nakasone's comments continued to give the dollar support as the European trading day began, dealers in Hong Kong saw them as a sign of weakness rather than strength. "I think Nakasone is desperate." said a foreign exchange manager for a U.S. bank.

That feeling is widespread in the market and means Japan will probably have as little luck convincing the foreign exchange market as it does in placating the U.S. Congress, trade analysts

# Dollar, Tokyo stocks nosedive World loses — or misplaces — \$388 billion

WASHINGTON (AP) - In the first half of the 1980s abroad had an incomplete record been earned through drug sales funds and insurance companies. the world lost — or may be just misplaced — more than \$388 billion, according to figures collected by the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

about it.

It calls this sum a "discrepan- huge compilations of statistics, on cy," something like the money the conclusions it draws about the you can't find in examining your monthly bank statement against the cancelled checks.

Adding up the figures of their 151 member countries, the fund's bookkeepers totalled \$388 billion more in debts than in credits for the years 1980 through 1984.

The discrepancy began to show in the late 1970s, peaking at \$113.9 billion in 1982. Though the total has gone down since, a report that the fund plans to publish in June will say it is still

The last figure available is for 1984: \$95.8 billion. Because the sums are so big, the IMF is worried. It points out

that they cast doubt on all its

BAHRAIN (R) — Gulf Arab

states must coordinate monetary

policies if they are to link their

currencies in a common

framework and achieving this

may not be easy, Gulf Interna-tional Bank said Monday.

Economist Henry Azzam said

differing national priorities

among the Gulf states and

varying abilities to control

domestic liquidity may make an

But he added agreement on a

system, including the possible break of a traditional link with

the dollar, would have many be-

The six member countries of

the Gulf Cooperation Council

nefits for the Gulf region.

agreement difficult to support.

Investment income turned out to be a major problem.

the money or at least to come up with some ideas about what happened to it. A summary of their work appeared earlier this month in the IMF survey, a fund publication.

world's economic situation and

on its suggestions on what to do

So three years ago, it appointed a "working party" headed by Mr. Pierre Esteva, a

high-level official in the French

ministry of finance, to look for

Countries receiving capital were able to identify and record

Economist sees difficult task in

billion abroad. income payments, while countries whose residents placed funds

of receipts," the summary said. The summary does not mention capital flight, the widespread practice of people in countries with shaky economies sending their money somewhere safe without telling their own

governments about it. They often choose the United States or Switzerland. That way they lose nothing if their governments devalue their currencies. And often, their buying power increases significantly if they bring their money home after the

Capital flight is illegal in some places; in others it's just considered "portfolio diversification." Morgan Guaranty Trust Co., based in New York, estimates that between 1983 and 1985, wealthy people in 10 Latin American debtor countries sent \$44.2

Nor does the summary mention sending money abroad that has or other illicit activity. People in those businesses avoid close contact with their countries' tax and resident or nonresident," the trade officials.

Legitimate businesses also may fail to report. The U.S. General Accounting Office, which makes investigations for Congress, said earlier this month that it surveyed 1,679 businesses and found 559 of them listed smaller amounts of interest and dividends on their income tax returns than they actually received.

Another problem is posed by "offshore" financial centres places like Liechtenstein and the Cayman Islands, where the government make a point of knowing nothing about businesses registered under their laws. They 'complicate the tracing of funds," the summary said.

So do new financial devices that shift assets from banks to

Developing nations struggle

know whether the creditor is a

summary complains. The Esteva group found other sources of discrepancies.

Shipowners in Greece, Hong Kong and Eastern Europe failed to report the money they made on freight or the international spending of their fleets, it said. It also had trouble with some official bodies, which pay out money without getting a tangible

"On the official side, much of the discrepancy results from a lack of data on the operations of international institutions, especially of the European Community," according to the summary.

Among its other financial activities, the European Community makes loans to Third World countries and transfers some funds among member govern-

## **Egypt seeks Kuwaiti investments**

KUWAIT (R) — An Egyptian trade team arrived Sunday for a five-day visit, seeking to boost five-day visit, seeking to boost Kuwaiti investment in the most

populous Arab country.

The delegation, led by Mr.
Ezat Ghaidan, a senior business official, was met by the chairman of Kuwait's chamber of commerce and industry, Sheikh Abdul Aziz Hamad Al Sagr.

Sheikh Sagr visited Egypt several weeks ago to study prosnects for new investments, which Mr. Ghaidan said touched on

He told reporters his country offered big opportunities for investment in many areas, especially construction, industry and what he called land reform.

Talks which started Sunday night include a review of real estate ownership and investment laws, he said, adding that Cairo encouraged Arab cooperation and was determined to add to its. investment facilities.

Most Arab states, including major aid donors like Kuwait,

broke diplomatic relations with Egypt in 1979 following its peace treaty with Israel.

proved over the past year, and were given a further lift when Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak attended last January's Islamic summit in Kuwait.

Kuwait News Agency, said Sunday: "We attach great interest to

## Rolls-Royce announces record profits

LONDON (R) — Rolls-Royce, the state-owned aero-engine maker which is due to be sold off within the next two months. smoothed its path to the private sector by announcing record profits for the past year.

Rolls-Royce chairman Sir Francis Tombs said pre-tax profits in 1986 climbed to a record £120 million (\$192 million) from Mrs. Margaret Thatcher's Con-£81 million (\$130 million) in servatives won power in 1979. 1985, marking the third successive year of improved results.
"I am very pleased with our results and very confident about our future." Sir Tombs told a

news conference. He said the civil airliner sector of the market provided the major part of the 12.5 per cent jump in turnover last year to £1.8 billion

(\$2.9 billion). Boasting a record order book. he said Rolls-Royce's prospects in the private sector were encouraging, but said he had no idea when it would be floated on the stock exchange.

"It's not our decision, it's the government's decision. What they've said is late April/early

May," he said. Nor would he speculate how much the British government might reap from the sale, the latest in a long list of state-owned companies that have been returned to the private sector since

Private forecasts suggest Rolls-Royce might bring in up to £1 billion (\$1.6 billion) for the treasury, providing a large slice of the raise through public asset sales in the new financial year beginning next month.

In his annual budget statement, Chancellor of the Exchequer (Finance Minister) Nigel Lawson said the government was aiming for receipts from its denationalisation programme of £5 billion (\$8 billion) for 1987-88.

The government plans to borrow only £4 billion (\$6.4 billion)

But political ties have im-

Sheikh Saqr, quoted by the

investing in Arab countries and

stake in the oil firm British Pet-

roleum during the 1987-88, which

is likely to bring in around £4.7

The huge success of the priva-

tisation of the national carrier

British Airways last month indi-

cates that the public could also be

"The market perception (of Rolls-Royce) is very favourable," Mr. Tombs said. "The name is a

He said he had no idea how

many investors might be attracted

to the flotation, but felt the "ro-

mance" of the company might appeal to small investors while

the big London financial institu-

tions would also find the shares

A pathfinder prospectus for

people interested in buying

shares in Rolls-Royce will be

attracted by the glamour of the

billion (\$7.5 billion).

Rolls-Royce name.

synonym for reliability.'

31. 1987.

(GCC) — Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Bahrain, Oman, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) --have held a series of meetings this matically from the £7 billion year to discuss a joint framework (\$11.2 billion) borrowed in the financial year which ends March for their currencies. Mr. Azzam wrote in the bank's monthly economic report: "A The government also announced that it was planning to common exchange system... sell its remaining 32 per cent

would be a major step forward in monetary cooperation and should help foster stability and provide depth to the region's financial markets." One problem remains restrictions placed on the Saudi riyal and Kuwaiti dinar by national

ternationalisation of their currencies.

Mr. Azzam said fixing a single peg to link the six currencies "appears to be quite feasible."

authorities anxious to prevent in-

Oman's riyal is linked to the dollar at present, while the Saudi riyal, Bahraini dinar, Qatari riyal and UAE dirham are officially linked to the International Monetary Fund's Special Drawing Right (SDR) but in practice to the dollar.

linking Gulf Arab currencies

Kuwait's dinar is pegged to a basket of currencies reflecting the nation's pattern of international

Gulf states have not indicated what common peg is to be chosen, but Mr. Azzam said the dollar can be ruled out because of the disruption caused to economies by its recent sharp fall.

He said pegging the six Gulf currencies to the SDR would also have disadvantages since the weighting of the components the dollar, yen, mark, sterling and French franc - does not ecessarily reflect Gulf countries' trading patterns.

That would mean a tailor-made basket being adopted.

Mr. Azzam said the predominant dollar peg in the past has led to sizeable capital outflows from the Gulf and placed upward pressure on domestic interest rates to prevent funds being invested in higher-yielding dollar

He said the new exchange rate cies to float vis-a-vis the dollar and introduce an exchange rate risk for investing in non-Gulf currencies. This would discour-

A break from the dollar would also take pressure off inonetary authorities to devalue and revalue currencies.

Meanwhile, a senior GCC official said the private sector could play a major role in developing the economies of member states hit by the drop in oil revenues.

GCC assistant secretary-general for economic affairs, told a seminar that private sector activity could include such projects as a ioint firm to market the products of member states and establishment of a company to finance industrial and services projects.

Sheikh Quwaiz urged businessmen to invest in the petrochemical and metal industries, adding that GCC states had sound industrial and economic infrastructures, enabling the private sector to expand and contribute to regional economic growth.

"But if people think of growth rates similar to those of the late 1970s and early 1980s, I hope they will not be disappointed if I 'tell them they are looking for a mirage," Sheikh Quwaiz told the two-day seminar attended by some 300 delegates.

He said oil revenues of GCC member states dropped from a peak of \$156 billion in 1981 to \$60 billion last year because of falling prices while gross domestic product fell from \$203 billion in 1981

economies rely on basic commod-The bad news, say experts on the commodity trade, is that gluts may persist in everything

from petroleum, through metals such as copper and tin, to farm produce, coffee, cocoa, sugar and vegetables. There is even a peanuts glut. Sheikh Abdullah Al Quwaiz, Dire forecasts of raw materials shortages by the year 2,000, made

only a decade ago, seem to have been nonsense. The majority of Third World nations rely on commodities, and the picture is of over-supply, with frantic efforts by producers to set output quotas to buoy sagging

> Hostility, or indifference, among affluent, free marketminded consumer nations, and rows over market share among producers themselves, tend to undermine such efforts.

And many debt-laden developing nations, desperate for foreign exchange, see no option but to step up production of commodities, sending prices yet further "Plenty has become a prob-

lem." said the London-based Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU), a private forecasting intensive now," Mr. Tony Murgroup, in its World Commodity ray, at Consultants Commodities Jutiook for 1987. For instance, real 1986 metal

prices look like being about 45 mies now use less metal, because per cent lower on average than a much new activity is in the service

quarter of a century ago.

Copper is typical. Prices are now about \$1,400 a tonne, some 25 per cent lower in real terms than at the start of the 1960s, according to the International

Monetary Fund. For nations like Zambia and Zaire, leading copper producers, rise significantly in the next few the arithmetic is devastating. In 1985, copper accounted for around 85 per cent of Zambian

"Zambian copper production

"nonbanks" such as pension ments.

with commodity price slump LONDON (R) - Prospects for years of low prices, which don't those Third World nations whose generate sufficient cash for investment," metals consultant.

ities can seldom have looked so Mr. Tony Ching, told Reuters. Like many commodities, copper has suffered as new technology and advances in design reduce

demand for it. "A classic case is optic fibres," Mr. Ching said. Copper was extensively used in wiring, but demand has fallen as the use of

optic fibre cables made with glass has increased. Rubber traders say their market has never recovered from the invention of synthetically produced tyres. Tin producers complain technical advances have

halved the amount of tin needed

to coat a can. Sugar producers imitate the OPEC oil group and bewail artificial sweeteners. Commodity traders generally say that OPEC hit them hard in the 1970s when soaring oil prices tilted the affluent West into recession. But they say that revived expansion in recent years has failed to improve demand for commodities in the way rebounds

in the global economy did in the The drop in commodity prices "is no longer just a cyclical phe-nomenon, it's a structural one," Indonesian Foreign Minister Mochtar Kusumaatmadja told Reuters.

"Growth is not very metal-Research Unit in London said Countries with advanced econo-

sector. Computers make more use of plastics and silica than metals. Experts polled by Reuters were mostly gloomy about the price prospects for zinc, copper, lead,

nickel, tin and aluminium. "We don't think demand will years," metals analyst, Mr. Neil Buxton, at Shearson Lehman Brothers said. "We predict a growth in demand for base metals of between zero and two per cent

#### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets on

One sterling One U.S. dollar

....

AT

-925 HOTH 127 EQ P.

ADAN

HOME !

D CALL

1.6105/15 1.3033/38 1.8050/60 2.0370/80 1.5050/60 37.35/38 6.0075/0125 1286/1287 146.30/40 6.3150/3200

One ounce of gold 421.85/422.35

U.S. dollars Canadian dollar West German marks **Dutch** guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire wedish crowns 6.8050/8100 Norwegian crowns 6.8150/8200

U.S. dollars

published early next month.

attractive.

# OPEC oil output reported below ceiling NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production for March is expected to be an estimated 14.6 million barrels a day in Geneva last

rels a day, 1.2 million barrels December. below its ceiling, the Middle East Economic Survey reported

Monday. The authoritative oil weekly, million barrels a day, 1.2 million

Despite a month-end surge in output, Saudi Arabia's output was expected to just under three

#### barrels below its monthly OPEC quota of 4.133 million barrels, the

digest reported.

The weekly said that Saudi Arabia, the biggest OPEC producer, averaged 2.7 million barrels a day in the first week of March, 2.6 million barrels in the second week and 4.3 million in

## **Peanuts**









YOU CAN

HAVE MINE!

the third week.

## Mutt'n' Jeff



OH, WOW!



## WHEN CAN YOU PICK HER UP?

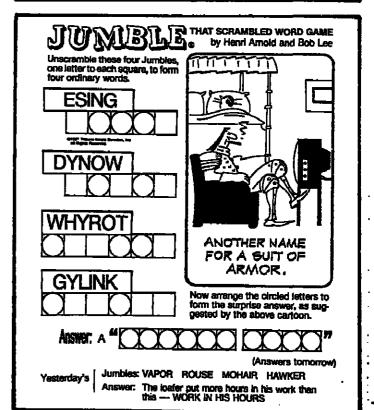
### **Andy Capp**







frogs!"



#### LONDON STOCK MARKET LONDON (R) — Share prices were sharply lower in late business

as the selling which started in the early part of the session gathered pace, leaving shares around their lows. By 1411 GMT Monday the FTSE 100 index was down 32.2 points to 2,016.4. Dealers said the sell offs on Wall Street and Tokyo were the signal for early general profit-taking but this built up momentum as leading dollar earners dived with the weak currency. News the U.S. intends to increase tariffs on imports from Japan raised fears the disagreement over a 1986 U.S. Japanese semiconductor pact could lead to a full trade war. These fears were making for nervons trading ahead of Wall Street's opening. Cable and Wireless fell 10p to 364, partly moving with the wider market but partly in response to concern the company might not be able to skirt its difficulties in building a viable stake in Japan's second international telecommunications network. Other leading shares were damaged by the weak dollar with ICI down 35p to 1,335, Glaxo 47p lower at 1,482, Jaguar down 14p to 584 and Beecham 18p off at 557. The dollar earning leading oils were hit by the currency's woes on the foreign exchanges, despite generally firm crude prices, dealers said. Shell was 30p off at 1,227 while B.P. shed 19p to 917. Lasmo fell 8p to 255 ahead of results Tuesday. One dealer described Monday's moves as a profit-taking inspired "attack of vertigo" following the spectacular gains seen since the beginning of the year.

Horoscope and Crosswords not received

# Aquino declares 'open season' on Communist rebel hit squads

MANILA (R) — President Corazon Aquino Monday declared "open season" on Communist assassins operating in Manila as guerrillas shot flaming arrows at government forces in one of several clashes reported to have killed 24 people.

Chinese vice-president

meets peace children

Mrs. Aquino's spokesman, Teodoro Benigno, told reporters she wanted an open season against Communist hit squads in the capital and backed raids on suspected rebel safe houses.

"You cannot just gun down law enforcers in public and then forget the whole thing. You don't do those things," he said.

Police have blamed the mur-

ders of 12 policemen in metorpolitan Manila in the past few weeks on hit squads known as "sparrow units" because of their swiftness.

No single major incident was reported by the military during the weekend, which coincided with the 18th anniversary of the rebel New People's Army, and

PEKING (R) — China's 81-year-old Vice-President Ulanhu play-

ed a board game with its 11-year-

old inventor as part of a chil-

dren's mission to lobby govern-

Micheile Alexander from the

United States handed Ulanhu a

Chinese flag to move around a

map of the world by throws of a

dice. A wrong move, such as

invading a smaller country, brings

penalties, while starting a nuclear

spying in an otherwise creditable

performance at the Great Hall of

the People, normally used for

state banquets and entertaining

Fourteen children from eight

countries, including the Soviet Union-and the United States,

sang songs, presented gifts and asked Ulanhu what China was

which some voters will be able to

choose from more than one

candidate for their local gov-

media said would take place in June 21 elections, appears to go

farther than what was discussed

by the Communist Party Central

Committee in January.

But there is no indication the

Soviet news reports did not say

in how many electoral districts

the experiments would be con-

Soviet Union's more than 175

AND OMAR SHARIF

↑85 V8 ↑AJ105 ◆AJ90
The bidding has proceeded:
South West North East €886[A4 201[A♦ 87

A .- Your hand has gotten progres-

sively worse as the auction has continued. Partner has shown a lot

of major-suit cards, so the hand is a

complete missit. Don't think of bid-ding three spades or four dia-

diately by bidding three no

Q.2-Both vulnerable, as South

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

A .- No heart raise will do your hand justice. Game is certain and

slam likely. We think the best way

to tell partner of your strength is to

jump-shift to two spades now, then

support hearts at your next turn.

Q.3—Neither vulnerable, as South

**◆AK1082 ∀AQJ93 ◊74 ♦Q** 

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 ± 2 ♥ 3 ± Pass 3 ♥ Pass 4 ± Pass

A .- You must have more than

enough material to make 12 tricks,

unless the opponents can get two

first. The way to tell partner you

ried about two diamond losers is to bid five spades. It is his holding in the diamond sult that is crucial.

What do you bid now?

What do you bid now?

ds. Discourage partner imme-

What action do you take?

The experiment, which Soviet

erning councils.

Ulanhu cited the government's tour.

Soviets to hold elections

with choice of candidates

MOSCOW (AP) - The Soviet Pre-election meetings domin-

Union announced Sunday a li- ated by the Communist Party

mited electoral experiment in historically have selected the

Communist Party is loosening its al form only, indicating strong

control over who gets on the disagreement within the party ab-

ducted nor how many of the dicating that the proposal was a

million voters would be involved. the party about electoral changes.

**GOREN BRIDGE** 

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE OUIZ

Q.1—As South, vulnerable, you Q.4—East-West vulnerable,

candidate.

out the ideas.

Ulanhu lost 20 points for

ments for world peace.

war loses the game.

foreign dignitaries.

doing to prevent war.

Armed Forces Chief General Fidel Ramos called the period generally quiet.

But the military said it had killed 11 rebels, including two New People's Army commanders, in three incidents. These included two operations against rebel strongholds in remote and mountainous parts of the

The state-run Philippine News Agency, reporting a series of isolated firefights over the past few days, said three government troopers and one civilian were killed by suspected rebels else-where around the country.

planned demobilisation of one

million soldiers, adding: "Some

We pay more attention to real

Vice-Premier Yao Yilin on

Saturday told journalists Peking

did not rule out the use of force to

reunify Taiwan with mainland

The children's delegation in-

cluded 12-year-old Vladimir

Senkin of the Soviet Union. His

entry to the British colony of

Hong Kong was delayed last

week because of restrictions there

on admitting Eastern Bloc

The group, sponsored by the private U.S.-based children as

the Peacemakers Foundation, has

met Indian Prime Minister Raily

Gandhi, King Olav of Norway and President Andrei Gromyko

of the Soviet Union so far on the

name of one candidate to appear

on the ballot for the local Soviets,

the nominal governing councils.

bachev suggested to the January

party meeting that pre-election meetings consider more than one

name before selecting a single

The party meeting approved Mr. Gorbachev's idea in a gener-

Soviet news reports stressed

that the June 21 election would

be an experiment, possibly in-

compromise to settle divisions in

4J5 ∇Q8 OK109832 4AJ5
The bidding has proceeded:

A .- Partner must have a pretty

good hand to jump to four hearts in the immediate seat, so it is quite possible that you have a slam on. You can advise partner of this and keep the bidding at a reasonable

level by cue-bidding five clubs.

Q.5-As South, vulnerable, you

Pass 1 2 Pass Pass ?

A .- Even though partner has

made a minimum rebid, don't give up on slam. If he has a good dia-

mond suit and a heart control, you

could still make 12 tricks. Lay the

foundation with an advance cue-

bid of three clubs. Your next move

will depend on partner's reaction

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

West North East South

Dble Pass ?

positive values—about 8-10 points. Since that bid is ruled out,

you are forced to respond in one of

think of your action as bidding a

suit; rather, you are supporting

one of the suits that partner has

shown with his takeout double.

∇943 ◊AJ87 +548

The bidding has proceeded:

What do you bid now?

**+762** 

West North East South

What action do you take?

Kremlin leader Mikhail Gor-

countries talk loudly about peace.

The army's major setback occurred in the remote northern

flaming, petrol-soaked arrows ordinary political workers. into a camp of the paramilitary civilian Home Defence Force killing seven troopers as they fled from the flames.

Although reports of fighting can take days to reach military headquarters in Manila, defence sources said they saw no sign that the rebels had carried out pledges to celebrate their birthday with major attacks on government soever.

"There were no major incidents," Gen. Ramos told repor-

In the capital police said they arrested several members of Communist hit squads in a series of raids on alleged rebel safe-houses in Manila. The police also said they had shot and killed two rebels in a separate incident.

The leftist Partido Ng Bayan rejected the claims, saying party against its involvement members arrested in the raids May 11 general election.

TOKYO (R) — North Korea agreed Monday to a South Korean proposal for talks between the two countries' prime ministers and suggested a ministerial-level

preparatory meeting on April 23. North Korean Prime Minister Party spokesman told reporters weapons seized in the raids had Li Gun-Mo made the response in been planted by police. "The raid was a big propaganda event for the administration," one dea letter to his southern counter-

Presidential spokesman Teodoro Aquino retorted: "In a war like this I don't think there Mr. Lho had suggested the prime ministerial meeting in a letter on March 17, the agency are any prohibitions what-

Mr. Benigno said Mrs. Aquino had approved the raids.

Mr. Bengino quoted Mrs. Aquino as saying: "I feel the raids were justified so long as they can prevent the assassination of policemen and so long as they (the police) are very protective of the human rights of the people who are involved."

In a statement, the Partido Ne Bayan accused the authorities of conducting a deliberate campaign against its involvement in the

#### Minister's apparent suicide shocks South Africans

JOHAi 'NESBURG (R) — A Cape constituency of Simonstown cabinet minister's apparent which Mr. Wiley had held for cabinet minister's apparent suicide from gunshot wounds in a locked house shocked South Africa Monday as his ruling National Party faced challenges in the runup to whites-only elections on May 6.

Police said they were investi-gating the death of Environment Affairs Minister John Wiley, but they did not suspect crime. He was found dead in his bed Sunday with a bullet wound in the head.

Mr. Wiley's body was discovered by his wife Jeanne and son Mark, who had to break into their imposing bouse at Noordhoek, south of Cape Town. Mr. Wiley had a pistol

Mr. Wiley, 60, a right-winger in the South African political spectrum, was the only minister of English descent in the cabinet, which is dominated by Afrikaners of Dutch ancestry

President P.W. Botha voiced grief and dismay. "The devastating news of the sudden death of our colleague has shocked us to the hilt," he said in a statement.

Mr. Botha had earlier visited Mr. Wiley's family to convey his sympathies. A large contingent of police guarded the house.

Chris Heunis, Cape provincial leader of the National Party (NP), said Mr. Wiley's death had left a word in the political life of

various parties since 1966. Nominations for the general election close on March 31.

Mr. Wiley won the seat comfortably in the 1981 election but faced a strong challenge this time from centrist Progressive Federal Party (PFP) candidate John

His death came as a tough election battle shaped up after controversy over campaign funds for reformist independent candi-dates. "It's going to be a dirty fight," said the Sunday Star news-

National shock over Mr. Wiley's death, listed as an appaent suicide, diverted the spotlight from this increasingly butter struggle between the NP and reformists who quit the party to fight the election as independents backing demands for faster changes in the apartheid racial discrimination system.

NP member of Parliament Louis Nel has alleged that the independents, who want to scrap the segregation laws, may have

raised funds illegally.

Meanwhile Mr. Nel, removed last December from the post of deputy information minister in a cabinet reshuffle, said he was Pretoria constituency to devote his time to private business.

Interviewed on state radio, he The NP has until Tuesday to desired he had been under presschoose a new candidate for the ure to quit from the ruling party

#### Pope to start L. American tour with visit to Chile

SANTIAGO (R) - When Pope shake hands with Gen. Pinochet John Paul visits Chile this week, his every word and gesture will be studied for its impact on a country deeply divided by military

Opponents of President Angusto Pinochet make no secret of their hope that the papal visit will help the struggle to restore demo-

"I hope that the coming of the Pope will result in concrete demonstrations of the need for our country to return to democracy as soon as possible," said Enrique Silva Cimma, leader of the

opposition Radical Party.

The pope will visit Chile for five days during a two-week tour of Latin America that will also include stops in Uruguay and Argentina. The trip will last from Tuesday March 31 to April 13. On Wednesday, April 1, the to oppose it with Pope will step from his plane and organiser said.

who seized power in a 1973 coup in which Marxist President Salva dor Allende died. He will arrive at a time of

tension between the government and the local Catholic Church, whose defence of human rights and support for returning to democracy have often angered the military.

Government anger boiled over earlier this month when a prominent bishop declared that the action of leftist guernillas who tried to kill Gen. Pinochet last September could be regarded as

Church officials say the tension will not stop the Pope from speaking out on controversial questions. "He is going to say things that will not please the government ... or those that seek to oppose it with violence," a visit

## Ulama eases support for **Indonesian Muslim party**

undercutting support for the country's only Muslim-backed next month's general election.

The chairman of Nahdatul Ulama, Abdurrahman Wahid, told a campaign rally in eastern Java Sunday it was not forbidden to vote for the ruling Golkar Party or the tiny Nationalist-Christian Indonesian Democratic Party.

The Ulama was one of the founding groups of the Muslim-backed United Development Party and claims 12 million active members and 35 million supporters throughout Indonesia, the

A.—In response to a takeout dou-ble, a bid of one no trump shows world's fifth largest country. Mr. Wahid said he hoped his organisation, which runs Islamic boarding schools and agricultural your three-card suits, and you cooperatives, could work together fully with Golkar, but he stopped short of an endorsement. the newspaper Kompas reported. Mr. Wahid's failure to give

even a lukewarm endorsement to

the Muslim party, which has been

JAKARTA (R) - Indonesia's rent by internal feuds, may well main Muslim organisation, have disappointed its leaders ahead of the April 23 poll.
The elections are for 400 seats political party, has told its membership to vote how they like in are reserved for military appoin-

> The government, with a series of political bills pushed through parliament in 1985, effectively defused religion as a political issue in Indonesia, the world largest Muslim nation, and banned debate on whether the country would become an Islamic

The Ulama decided to withdraw from party politics when the legislation came to parliament. The Indonesian Democratic

Party has been wooing the Ulama with party leaders, making wellpublicised visits to its schools to ask the group's leaders to their

campaign rallies.

The Democrats staged the biggest rally of the week-old campaign when 50,000 of their supporters gathered for a huge motorcade that blocked traffic in

## Seoul, Pyongyang agree to prime ministerial talks

Mr. Lho also proposed that Red Cross talks aimed at reuniting some 10 million Koreans separated from their families in the 1950-53 Korean War be resumed in Pyongyang next month, along with trade talks at the same

time in Pannunjom. North Korea on March 3 repart Lho Shin-Yong, the North Korean Central News Agency, newed a proposal for high-level talks aimed at reunification of the monitored here, said.

Pynongyang broke off economic and Red Cross contacts last year in protest against joint U.S.-South Korean military exercises The agency said Mr. Li, assenton the peninsula.

ing Monday to the meeting, In Seoul a Foreign Ministry official said the North Korean added: "If the premiers' talks are held, the North and the South reply was being carefully studied, will be able to discuss all the wide but gave no other details. range of problems indispensable In 1980 North and South Korea to detente and then remove conagreed in principle to hold a prime ministerial meeting, but frontation and distrust and suc-Pyongyang scrapped preliminary discussions, accusing the South of "fascist anti-Communism." cessfully promote multi-channelled talks in a good atmosphere of

reconciliation and unity."

Mr. Li suggested holding the first round of preparatory talks at the Tongil Pavilion, on the northern side of the border village of

In his March 17 letter, the South Korean premier also proposed talks in Panmunjom this month on Pyongyang's plan for a huge dam and hydro-electric plant on the upper reaches of the Han River.

Seoul says the project could be used to cause catastrophic floods in the South as an invasion pre-

decipher coded messages sent

from the U.S. embassy in Mos-

cow and elsewhere after two U.S.

Marine guards let Soviet intelli-

decipher embassy codes' NEW YORK (R) — U.S. officials fear the Soviet Union can Bracy, who face a court martial for spying and who could face the death penalty if found guilty, let Soviet KGB officers into the

In 1985 the two sides began

Red Cross, parliamentary and trade talks and scores of families

exchanged visits for the first time

The 1950-53 war left such a

legacy of bitterness that it was not

until 1971 that the two states first

broke the ice, starting with Red

Cross talks and later coupling

Barely a year afterwards, Pyongyang halted the main talks, demanding that the South aban-

don its anti-Communist stand.

them with political dialogue.

since the Korean War.

gence agents inside, Newsweek magazine has reported. The magazine quoted unnamed Reagan administration officials as saying the embassy has reduced its radio and "secure" telephone communications because of the

'U.S. fears Soviets can

This has left it with only diplomatic pouches and "insecure" telephone lines, it said.

Newsweek quoted the officials

as saying the communications nightmare could get worse when Secretary of State George Shultz visits Moscow on April 13 to discuss arms control and will need to talk in confidence with President Reagan back in Washington "It's (the communications crisis) as bad as you can imagine," one official was quoted as saying. Marine Sergeant Clayton Lonetree and Corporal Arnold

embassy at night on numerous occasions, according to charges against them. The Marines then allowed them into the embassy communications centre where they

examined "instruments, appliances, documents and writings," the magazine said. Newsweek said that officials fear the Soviets now have the

ability to decipher secret coded messages sent from the embassy and to break U.S. codes elsewhere in the world: The New York Times said Monday Sergeant Lonetree gave

conflicting accounts of his role in three interviews with investiga-

of declassified memoranda from investigators, made available by Lonetree's lawyer William Kun-

#### Venezuelan police confirm capture of Italian extremist

CARACAS (R) — Venezuelan police has said they had captured right-wing Italian extremist Stefano Delle Chiaie, an explosives expert and disguise artist who has been a fugitive from justice in Europe for 17 years.
Delle Chaie, 49, is wanted for a

list of violent crimes, including an April, 1980 train bombing in Bologna in which more than 85 persons died. He was arrested Friday in a flat in the downtown Chacaito section of Caracas, after a 3-year police investigation.

Porfirio Valera, director of the Department of Intelligence, Security and Prevention (DISIP), told a news conference Delle Chiaie is one of the most wanted terrorists in Europe and has escaped capture in half a dozen

"Do you know what he told us when we arrested him? He said 'congratulations'," Valera told Delle Chiaie, known as "Cac-

cola," was arrested after attempting to flee the flat where he lived.

#### Haiti votes overwhelmingly for a new constitution

PORT-AU-PRINCE (R) — Haitians have voted overhwhelmingly for a new constitution which includes a clause banning supporters of former dictators Francois and Jean-Claude Duvalier from holding office for 10 years, according to first results. Information Ministry official

Anaise Chavanet told a news conference that of votes counted from 215 of Haiti's 1,496 polling stations, 99.81 per cent had been in favour of the constitution.

The military-civilian National Council of Government has ruled Haiti without a constitution since Jean-Claude Duvalier, son of Francois, fled the country on Feb. 7, last year after thousands of people took the streets in anti-Duvalier nots. The official said the 384.953

votes counted nationwide represent 12.9 per cent of eligible voters. Up to 50 per cent of the electorate is expected to have voted nationwide once all the

returns are counted. Voters said the anti-Duvalier clause was the most important in influencing their vote, and Bob White, a former U.S. ambassador heading an independent observa-tion team said: "We are seeing a massive vote against the past."

Eighty-five per cent of Haitians are illiterate so ballots were distinguished by colour: White for yes, yellow for no. Every voter had one of each and discarded the unused one.

Only one violent incident was reported when a gunman in the provincial city of Jeremie tried to keep people from voting, accord-

ing to a Haitian radio report.

The election generated intenses excitement after 42 elected and 20 appointed members of a constituent assembly finished draftin the constitution on March 10. Fewer than 10 per cent of those eligible voted in October's assembly elections.

The low turnout was widely blamed on government failure to explain the issues, but some people stayed away from the polls to protest of 20 assembly members being appointed by the govern-

Many politicians challenge the legitimacy of the assembly but few condemn its work, the 298article constitution.

Key clauses prevent supporters or henchmen of François Duvalier or Jean-Claude from holding public office for 10 years. Francois — known as "Papa Doc" ruled the country from 1957 until his death in 1971, seven of those years as self-proclaimed president for life. His son - "Baby Doc" - took over as president for life in 1971.

In the new constitution, the president and prime minister have divided powers.

It also declares that all religious are legal, including voodoo, which most Haitians practise and which previous constitutions out-

# COLUMNS 768

#### Now it's trash wars in Lebanon

BEIRUT (R) — The rotting pile of garbage, once a passive feature of west Beirut street corners, has gone native. It's quite possible it may explode. "I run fast every time I have to pass one of those stinking piles," said university student Rami Saati. Other pedestrians give the rubbish heaps a visibly wide berth. More than 30 small explosions have jarred west Beirut since Syrian troops deployed last month. Mostly they are sticks of dynamite hidden in the omnipresent heaps. So far nobody has been hurt by the nuisance bombs, but many cars have been damaged and windows broken. Garbage collectors, back at work when the Syrians first came in, are now scared and the piles of garbage are growing again. "It's a problem," said one. "I don't want to risk my life for

#### Hand-made beds built for American dogs

LONDON (R) — The British are building a gift for the American dog which has everything — a hand-made solid walnut four-poster bed priced at £1,500 (\$2,400). A U.S. mail order company commissioned the British firm Brights of Nettlebed to manufacture the beds, which have orthopaedic inner-sprung mattresses and come fitted with bottom sheets and feather duvets. A bedroom suite, with matching wardrobe, chest of drawers and bedside tables, will be available for £2,000 (\$3,200), a spokesman for the British firm said.

#### Women protest against drugs trade

MADRID (R) — Thousands of women wearing white scarves have marched in Madrid in protest at a growing drugs trade which has turned many Spanish children into addicts and petty criminals. Organisers said about 5,000 women were joined in the demonstration by priests, trade unionists and politicians. "We are calling on concerned citizens to fight against the unchecked sale of heroin and cocaine, against police connivance and administrative inaction," said a spokeswoman for the Mothers Against Drugs Organisation. Father Enrique De Castro, who has set up vigilante groups in poor areas of Madrid, told reporters they had denounced more than 200 houses and streets in the capital where drugs are traded. While Spain's Interior Ministry has welcomed the initiative, it denies accusations from community groups that police ignore the rampant drug trade and in some cases receive bribes from drug traffickers. Spain's Socialist government last year launched a \$32-million plan to fight drug abuse which includes stiffer penalties for traffickers, more money and manpower for law enforcement and improved treatment for addicts. According to official figures, up to 125,000 Spaniards use heroin, some 80,000 take cocaine, about 500,000 are addicted to amphetamines and up to 1.8 million smoke cannabis.

#### Reagan jokes about wife and Regan

WASHINGTON (R) — President Reagan joked about the reported row between his wife Nancy and fired chief of staff Donald Regan, according to a U.S. television network. At the annual Gridiron Club dinner, the network said Mr. Reagan told of a lunch meeting he had arranged between Nancy and Regan.
"It was just Don and Nancy and their food tasters," the president was quoted as saying. Regan was replaced last month by former Senate majority leader Howard Baker after weeks of reports that Mrs. Reagan was unhappy with his job performance. The closed door Gridiron Dinner bridge top U.S. media executives together with high government difficults for a night of feasting, back-slapping and political satire.

#### Woman believed killed by crocodile

BROOME, Australia (AP) — A large crocodile attacked a young American woman swimming in a remote river, police has reported. The woman was missing and believed dead. The 3-metre-long beast has not been sighted since the attack, said a police official, who spoke on condition of anonymity. Monday morning, a seaplane with wildlife officials and police aboard left Broome for the Prince Regent River to search for the woman. Two speedboats left the mining island of Koolan at daylight for the river, 400 kilometres away, Broome police Sgt. Jeff Cox said. He said the woman had been identified as Ginger Meadows, 24. but"the details are very sketchy because the area is so remote," Cox said. Cox said the river is 800 kilometres north east of Broome, an old pearl-hunting town on the barren coast of West Australia, and is inaccessible by road. He said the woman apparently dived off the yacht, which was anchored at the mouth of the river, to swim to a rubber raft. But she was grabbed by the crocodile and pulled underwater, he added. "The area is well-known for crocodiles," Cox said. The yacht, with six people aboard, was on its way around northern Australia, bound from Broome to Darwin, after attending the America's Cup yacht races in Fremantle in February, he said.

#### No AIDS vaccine expected this century

NEW YORK (AP) — The complex nature of the AIDS virus is likely to prevent development of an AIDS vaccine in this century, U.S. surgeon general C. Everett Koop has warned. "A cure I think is very problematical," Koop said in an interview aired on CBS News. "And a vaccine for this very complicated virus I don't think is in the cards for this century." In Washington last week, experts including Dr. Robert Gallo of the National Center Institute a condiscoverer of the AIDS wirus said a wassing should. Institute, a co-discoverer of the AIDS virus, said a vaccine should be ready for general use by the mid-1990s. But Koop, noting the tenacity and complexity of the deadly virus, was less optimistic. "Vaccines take a long time to develop," he said, noting that it took 19 years to produce a vaccine against Hepatitis B. This is a much more complicated virus," Koop said. He called tests of experimental AIDS vaccines "the very earliest preliminary tests, and before we have a vaccine available for use is a long way down the pike." Without a vaccine, public education is crucial in fighting the spread of acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS), Koop said.

## 'Twilight Zone' trial nears end

LOS ANGELES (AP) - After nearly seven months of testimony, both sides in the manslaughter trial resulting from a fatal accident during filming of the movie "Twilight Zone" appear ready to let the jury decide Hollywood's case of the year. "There's not much more to say," a defence attorney confided outside court. "The jury has heard as much as it needs to hear." What the jury has been hearing for the past month is the defence case, an abbreviated presentation compared to the five-month marathon of prosecution witnesses. The defence has tried to contradict charges that the five men on trial caused the deaths of actor Vic Morrow and two children through recklessness and negligence. The jurors have heard from two defendants, Director John Landis and helicopter pilot Dorrey Wingo, who chose to take the witness stand in their own defence. Their three colleagues — Associate Producer George Folsey Jr., Production Manager Dan Allingham and special effects supervisor Paul Stewart — have decided to remain silent. All five are charged with involuntary manslaughter in the July 23, 1982, accident in which a helicopter crashed on top of Morrow, 53, Myca Dinh Le, 7, and Renee Chen 6. Jurors must decide if the defendants acted so recklessly as to cause the accident or whether unforescen

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